

**On behalf of Vision Expo, we sincerely thank you for being with us this year.**

**Vision Expo Has Gone Green!**

We have eliminated all paper session evaluation forms. Please be sure to complete your electronic session evaluations online when you login to request your CE Letter for each course you attended! Your feedback is important to us as our Education Planning Committee considers content and speakers for future meetings to provide you with the best education possible.



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**Financial Disclosure – Justin Schweitzer, OD, FAAO**

- Aerie – C/L
- Alcon – C/L
- Allergan – C/L
- Bausch + Lomb – C/L
- Ocular Therapeutix - C
- EyePoint – C
- Sight Sciences – C/L
- Dompe – C/L
- Zeiss – C/L
- Visus - C
- Science Based Health – C
- Kala – C
- RVL – C
- Tarsus – C/L
- Sun – C/L
- Equinox - I
- Reichert - C
- J&J – C/L
- Glaukos – C/L
- Horizon – C
- Quidel – C
- MediPrint – C
- LKC – C/L
- Avellino – C
- Novartis – C
- Iveric bio – C
- Occuphire - C

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**Innovations in Glaucoma**  
Next Generation Technology,  
Medications, and Delivery



Justin Schweitzer, OD, FAAO  
Vance Thompson Vision  
Optometric Externship Director  
Associate Director Residency Program

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### Today's Optometrists

*"To be on the cutting edge of optometry, you need to be on the cutting edge of science and technology."*

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# Diagnostics

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### The Correcting Applanation Tonometer Surface (CATS)



British Journal of  
**Ophthalmology**

Modified Goldmann prism intraocular pressure measurement accuracy and correlation to corneal biomechanical metrics: multicentre randomised clinical trial

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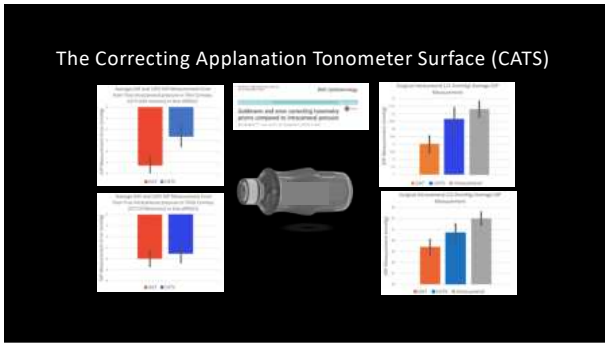
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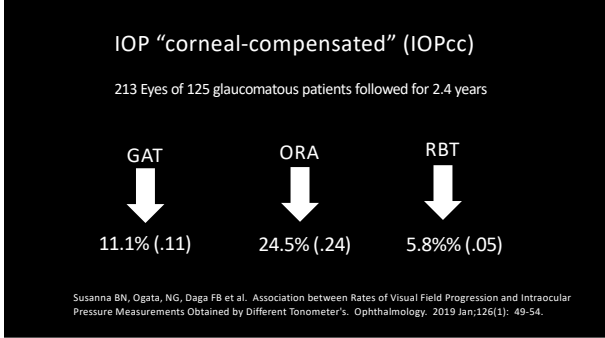
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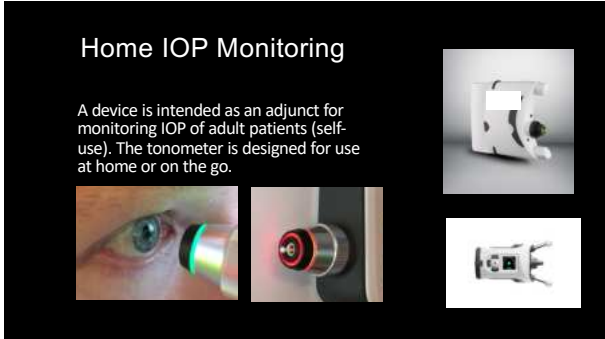
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### Continuous IOP Sensors Implandata Eyemate

- Sulcus based IOP sensor
- 8 pressure-sensitive capacitors
- Diameter: 11.2 mm
- Thickness: 0.5 mm



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### Smart soft contact lens (BVS Sight)

- 24-hour IOP monitoring
- Lens power
- Wettable
- O<sub>2</sub> Transmissibility
- Overnight wearability



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- AcuMEMS (Menlo Park, CA)
  - iSense System: implantable sensor
- Glaukos (San Clemente, CA)
  - DOSE Medical IOP Sensor
- Implants Ophthalmic Products GmbH
  - Suprachoroidal IOP sensor
- Injectsense Inc (Emeryville, CA)
  - Configurable on-demand sensor
- LaunchPoint Technologies (Goleta, CA)
  - Sensor attached to IOL or injected into vitreous
- Solx (Waltham, MA)
  - wireless intraocular sensor



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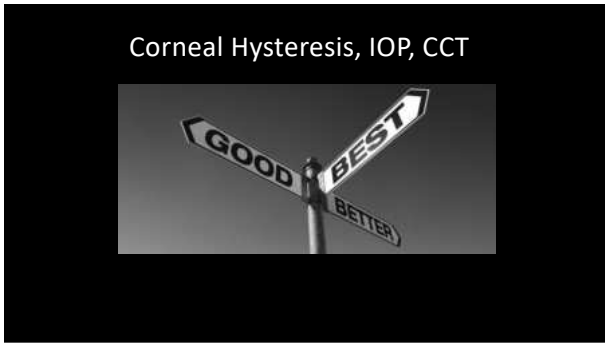
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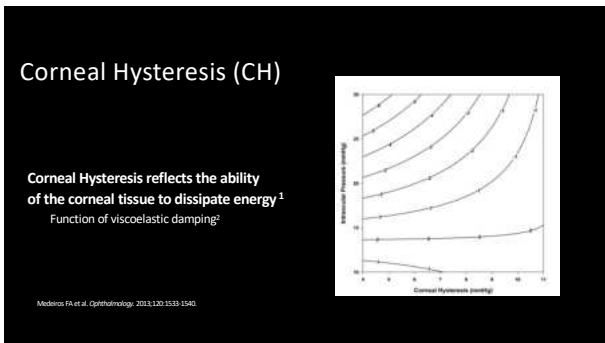
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### Corneal Biomechanics and Visual Field Progression in Eyes with Seemingly Well-Controlled Intraocular Pressure

460 eyes of 334 glaucoma patients  
Follow-up – 4.3 years  
Well controlled if IOP < 18 mm HG

CH (8.6 vs 9.4)  
CCT (515 vs 531)

179 eyes well controlled  
42 (23.5%) of those eyes had VF progression

68% higher risk of progression

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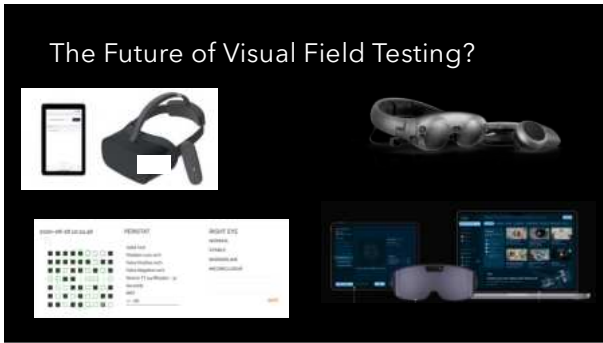
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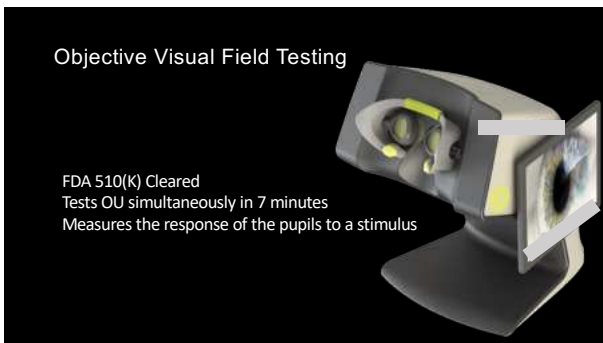
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### Subjective/Binocular Visual Field Testing

39% faster than SAP in clinical testing and functions in ambient light.<sup>1</sup>

Equivalent to SAP with repeatability.<sup>1</sup>

Random binocular testing



1. Comparison between New Perimetry Device (IMovifa®) and Humphrey Field Analyzer®  
M Eslani, T Nishida, S Moghimi, JM Arias, C Vassile, V Mohammadzadeh, RN Weinreb;  
Invest. Ophthalmol. Vis. Sci. 2022;63(7):1272 – A0412.

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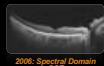
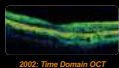
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### OCT Angiography: the Next Chapter

- Images retinal microvasculature without dye injection
- Displays structure and function from a single imaging system



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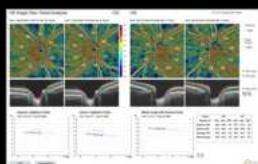
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### OCT Angiography: the Next Chapter



Correlates well with OCT Technology

Utilization:  
High Myopia  
Advanced Glaucoma

Image courtesy of Eric D. Huderman, MD and Michael K. Goldbaum, MD of Scleral Eye Institute, University of California at San Diego, La Jolla, CA

Rao H, Pradhan SS, Suh MH, Moghimi S, Mansouri K, Weinreb RN. Optical Coherence Tomography Angiography in Glaucoma. J Glaucoma. 2020 Apr;29(4):133-124. doi: 10.1097/IJG.0000000000000463. PMID: 32053551; PMCID: PMC7117862.

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## Artificial Intelligence and Glaucoma

1. Level of Suspicion of Disease
  - Non-ophthalmic or non-glaucoma settings
  - Guides referral's
  - Cybersight
2. Diagnosing Disease
  - OD or OMD clinics
  - Using OCT images
  - Challenging

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### Evaluation of an AI system for the automated detection of glaucoma from stereoscopic optic disc photographs: the European Optic Disc Assessment Study

- Objectives - To evaluate the performance of a deep learning based Artificial Intelligence (AI) software for detection of glaucoma from stereoscopic optic disc photographs, and to compare this performance to the performance of a large cohort of ophthalmologists and optometrists.
- Results
  - Pegasus was able to detect glaucomatous optic neuropathy with an accuracy of 83.4% (95% CI: 77.5-89.2)
  - This is comparable to an average ophthalmologist / optometrist accuracy of 80.5% / 80% respectively (95% CI: 67.2-93.8) / (95% CI: 67-88) on the same images.
  - There was no statistically significant difference between the performance of the deep learning system and ophthalmologists or optometrists.

Rogers TW, Jaccard N, Carbonaro F, Lemij HG, Vermeer KA, Reus NJ, Triakha S. Evaluation of an AI system for the automated detection of glaucoma from stereoscopic optic disc photographs: the European Optic Disc Assessment Study. Eye (Lond). 2019 Nov;33(11):1791-1797. doi: 10.1038/s41433-019-0510-3. Epub 2019 Jul 2. PMID: 31267080; PMCID: PMC7002599.

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## Electroretinography

Measures the electrical responses of various cell types

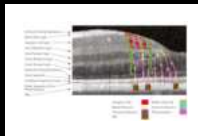
in the retina, including the

photoreceptors (rods and cones),

inner retinal cells (bipolar and

amacrine cells), and the ganglion

cells in response to a stimulus.




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### Interpretation

*How should I think about yellow/red results?*

Yellow and red results require closer attention and other tests to confirm disease.

**SLOW IMPLICIT TIMES**

- Too Slow: Possibly indicative of cellular stress

**AMPLITUDES**

- Too Small: Possibly indicative of cell damage

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# Treatment

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### Delivering Treatment

**A** Current Source

**B** Current Source (grey bars), Eye absorption (blue bars)

**C** All-Ages

**D** Absorption by Age

**E** Stability

**F** Response

**G** Stability

**H** Eye treatment device

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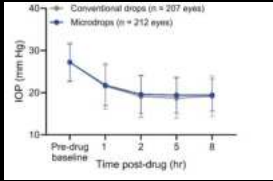
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# Efficacy?



An Evaluation of the Efficacy and Safety of Timolol Maleate 0.5% Microdrops Administered with the Nanodropper. Seger, JS., Durai, J., Odayappan, A, Venkatesh, R, Colantuoni, E., Robin, AL. Ophthalmology, March 2024.

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### The effects of antioxidants on ocular blood flow in patients with glaucoma

*Abstract*

*Background:* The purpose of this study was to evaluate the effects of antioxidants on ocular blood flow (OBF) in patients with glaucoma. *Methods:* A prospective, randomized, controlled study was conducted in 20 patients with glaucoma. The patients were divided into two groups: a control group and an antioxidant group. The antioxidant group received a daily dose of antioxidants (vitamin E, vitamin C, and beta-carotene). The OBF was measured using laser Doppler velocimetry at baseline and at 1, 2, 4, and 8 hours post-treatment. *Results:* The antioxidant group showed a significant increase in OBF compared to the control group at all time points. *Conclusion:* Antioxidants improve OBF in patients with glaucoma.

### The MIND Diet

*Background:* The MIND diet is a hybrid of the Mediterranean and DASH diets. It is designed to reduce the risk of Alzheimer's disease. *What to Eat:* Leafy green vegetables, berries, nuts, whole grains, fish, poultry, and olive oil. *What to Limit:* Red meat, butter, cheese, and sugary drinks.

In a case control study of participants from the large Rotterdam population Health study (matching those with OAG with age/sex matched controls), each 10% increase in adherence to the MIND diet was associated with a 20% reduced risk of OAG.

Vergroesen, Jolita E., et al. "MIND diet lowers risk of open-angle glaucoma: the Rotterdam Study." *European Journal of Nutrition* 62.1 (2023): 477-487.

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# Preservative-Free Formulations

N=349, Significant improvement in both signs and symptoms of OSD with switch to PF meds

	Visit 1 (preserved)		Visit 2 (preservative free)		p-Value
	N#*	(%)	N#*	(%)	
<b>Patient symptoms</b>					
Dryness/eye irritation	186/349	53.3%	40/343	11.7%	<0.001
Redness/prescribing with or without eye irritation between visits	180/349	51.6%	103/344	29.9%	<0.001
<b>Outer signs found at the clinical examination (patients presenting with or without)</b>					
Pterygia/eye (elephantis)	122/343	35.6%	10/344	2.9%	<0.001
Conjunctival red	232/258	90.3%	74/238	31.1%	<0.001
Superficial punctate keratitis	83/334	25.1%	18/237	7.6%	<0.001

\*Number of patients for which the variable had been recorded.

Rodis, P. I., P. Roufiquan, and C. Baudouin. Prevalence of ocular symptoms and signs with preserved and preservative-free glaucoma medication.

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## Preservative-Free Solutions

### PF-Latanoprost

	Phase 3 (US) Trial (n=325)		Phase 3 (Europe) Trial (n=353)	
	PF-Latanoprost	Xalatan	PF-Latanoprost	Xalatan
Mean baseline IOP ± SD(mmHg)	18.8 ± 2.9	19.2 ± 3.1	24.1 ± 1.8	24.0 ± 1.7
Mean IOP reduction from baseline (mmHg) (range)	2.7 (2.2-3.0)	3.4 (2.9-3.8)	8.6 (8.3-8.8)	8.9 (8.8-9.0)

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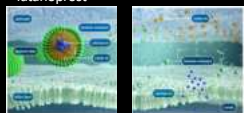
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### BAK-Free Latanoprost

- Following instillation, micelles mix with the tear film
- As the micelles migrate toward the ocular surface, they break apart, releasing latanoprost



### Preservative-Free

Product	Phase 3 (US) Trial (n=325)	Phase 3 (Europe) Trial (n=353)
PF-Latanoprost	18.8 ± 2.9	24.1 ± 1.8
Xalatan	19.2 ± 3.1	24.0 ± 1.7
PF-Latanoprost	2.7 (2.2-3.0)	8.6 (8.3-8.8)
Xalatan	3.4 (2.9-3.8)	8.9 (8.8-9.0)

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### ...Other Drop Options

- PDP-716 (0.35% brimonidine tartrate)
  - qd dosing, preservative free, seeking FDA approval
- NCX 470 (NO-donating bimatoprost)
  - Phase 3 trial = superior to latanoprost 0.005%
- CKLP1 (ATP-sensitive potassium channel opener)
  - lowers EVP 1:1 with IOP reduction
  - only tested in animal studies
- QLS-111 (ATP-sensitive potassium channel opener)
  - lowers EVP

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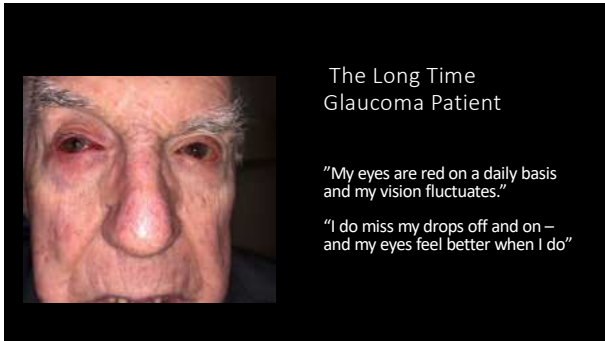
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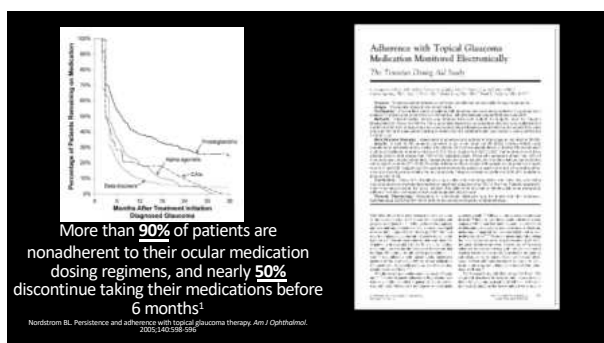
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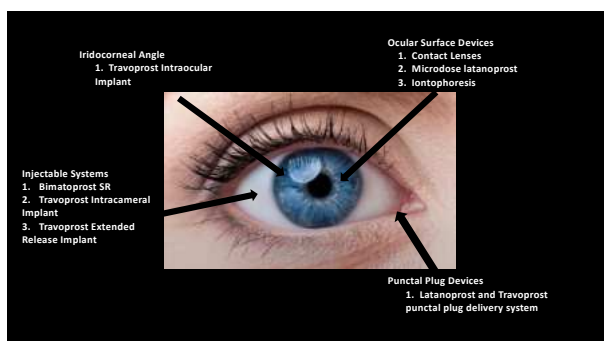
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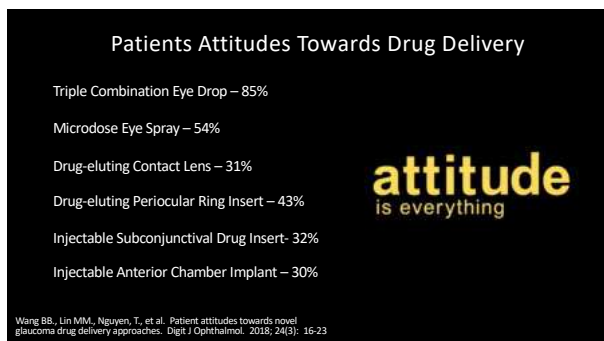
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**Bimatoprost SR**  
(10-microgram bimatoprost sustained-release implant)

- Biodegradable bimatoprost sustained-release implant
- FDA-approved and indicated to reduce IOP in patients with open angle glaucoma or OHT
- Single intracameral administration
- Phase I/II/III Studies



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**Bimatoprost SR**  
(10-microgram bimatoprost sustained-release implant)



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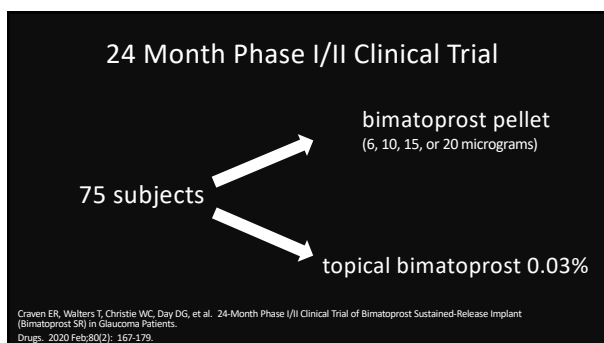
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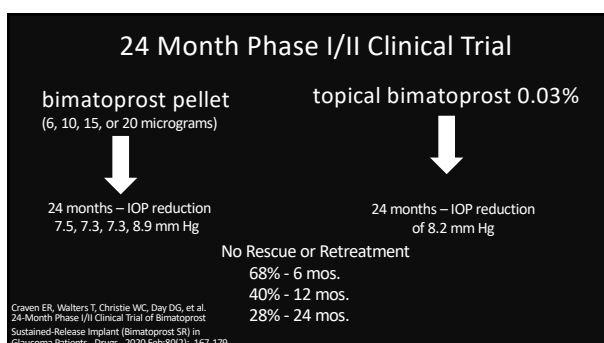
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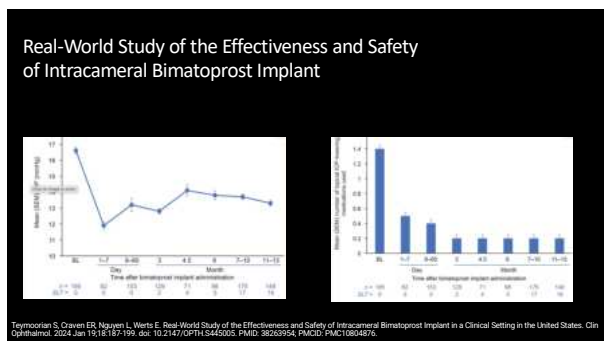
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### Travoprost intraocular implant



**36 Month Update**

1. 70% and 68% of subjects in fast and slow-release were well-controlled on fewer or same medications as baseline.
2. Average IOP reductions were 8.3 mmHg and 8.5mmHg in the fast and slow-release arms.

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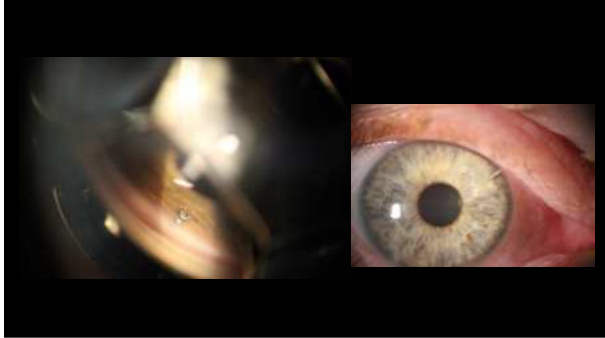
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### Microdose latanoprost

Delivers microdoses of latanoprost with Optejet delivery

Advantages: 75% less drug and preservative  
88% of the time got to target

Achieved 29% IOP lowering from baseline in Phase 2 study



Pasquale, JA, Shan L, Weinreb RN, et al. Latanoprost with high precision, Piezo-print microdose delivery for IOP lowering: clinical results of the PG21 study of 0.4 micrograms daily microdose.

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## Drug-Eluting Contact Lens

Attractive option secondary to large residence time in the eye and upward of 50% bioavailability in comparison with eye drop formulations.



Li, CC, Chauhan, A. Modeling ophthalmic drug delivery by soaked contact lenses. *Ind Eng Chem Res* 2006; 45: 3718–3734.  
 Peng, C-C, Kim, J, Chauhan, A. Extended delivery of hydrophilic drugs from silicone-hydrogel contact lenses containing Vitamin E diffusion barriers. *Biomaterials* 2010; 31: 4032–4047.

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## Drug-Eluting Contact Lens

- MediPrint Ophthalmics
  - LLT-BMT1 – drug eluting contact lens - bimatoprost
- Phase I – SIGHT-1
  - 5 Subjects wore the lens for 7 days continuously
  - Demonstrated 100% tolerability and no adverse events
  - IOP efficacy was noted
- SIGHT-2 – Phase 2b dose-ranging clinical study is underway

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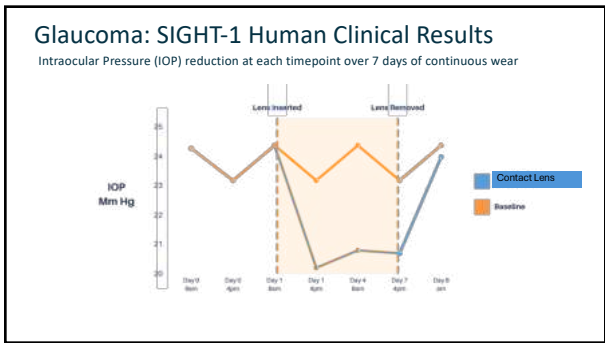
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### Punctal Plug Delivery System

#### Latanoprost and Travoprost designs

U.S. Phase II Multi-center Trials (Lower Puncta)  
Glau 12 (n=92) – 96% retention rate  
Glau 13 (n=87) – 92% retention rate

Phase II Clinical Study  
L-Evolute - 5.5 mmHg IOP lowering over 12 weeks study



Drug Core  
Polymer Sleeve  
Cyanoacrylate Film

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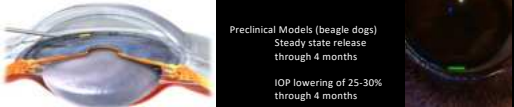
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### Travoprost Intracameral Implant

Bioresorbable sustained-release implant injected into the AC

Goal: Steady release of travoprost with target duration from 4 to 6 months



Preclinical Models (beagle dogs)  
Steady state release through 4 months  
IOP lowering of 25-30% through 4 months

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### Travoprost Intracameral Implant

Phase 1, prospective, multi-center, open label

Cohort 1 n=5 (15 micrograms)	→	Day 28 -9.1 mm Hg (n=5) Mo. 4 -7.6 mm Hg (n=4) Mo. 6 -7.5 mm Hg (n=3)  *Mo. 21 - -9.3 (n=1)
Cohort 2 n=4 (26 micrograms)	→	Day 28 -6.0 mm Hg (n=4) Mo. 4 -6.8 mm Hg (n=4) Mo. 6 -6.1 mm Hg (n=3)  *Mo. 9 - -5.9 (n=2)
Cohort 3 n=4 (15 micrograms Fast Degrading)	→	Day 28 -11.5 mm Hg (n=3) Mo. 4 -13.8 mm Hg (n=2)  *Mo. 6 -12.5 (n=1)



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### IOL-Haptic-Based Drug Delivery

Drug-eluting pads attached to haptics  
Goal is 3 years of drug delivery



Feasibility Study – 23 patients  
45% mean IOP reduction  
100% of patients were 18 mmHG or below  
All were off topical medications  
No significant adverse events  
Visual outcomes similar to other IOLs

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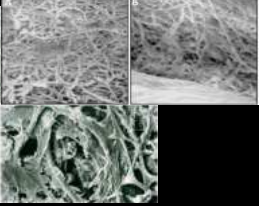
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### Selective Laser Trabeculoplasty

Selectively targets and laser burns pigmented TM cells



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LIGHT trial: 6-year results of primary selective laser trabeculoplasty versus eye drops for the treatment of glaucoma and ocular hypertension

Gus Gazzard, Evgenia Konstantakopoulou, David Garway-Heath, Mariam Adeleke, Victoria Vickerstaff, Gareth Ambler, Rachael Hunter, Catey Bunce, Neil Nathwani, Keith Barton, on behalf of the LIGHT Trial Study Group

Primary Outcome - Quality of Life at 6 years  
Secondary Outcome – clinical effectiveness and safety

Conclusions:  
No significant difference in QOL  
26.8% VS 19.6% progressed drops vs SLT  
Trab required in 32 eyes in drops arm compared to 13 eyes in the SLT arm  
69.8% of SLT Drop Free @ 6 Years

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**Low-Energy SLT Repeated Annually: Rationale for the COAST Trial**

Tony Realini, MD, MPH, Gus Gazzard, MD, Mark Latina, MD, Michael Kass, MD

Newly diagnosed POAG treated with:

1. ALT 360 x 1
2. Standard SLT 360 as needed
3. Low-energy SLT 360 repeated annually

**10-year Results**

Medication Free Rates

1. ALT – 22.6%
2. Standard SLT -25.0%
3. Low-energy SLT – 58.3%

**10-year Results**

Median Times to Treatment

1. ALT – 2.8 years
2. Standard SLT -3.2 years
3. Low-energy SLT – 6.2 years

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**Automated Direct SLT**

**Automated Direct Selective Laser Trabeculoplasty: First Prospective Clinical Trial**

Wardchai Goldenfeld<sup>1</sup>, Michael Balkin<sup>2</sup>, Masha Dobkin-Bekman<sup>3</sup>, Zachary Sacks<sup>4</sup>, Sharon Blum Meirovitch<sup>5</sup>, Nira Geffen<sup>6</sup>, Ari Leibov<sup>7,8</sup>, and Alon Skatt<sup>9</sup>



**Purpose:** Direct selective laser trabeculoplasty (DSLST) is a rapid, noncontact automated procedure performed directly through the limbus without gonioscopes. In this first nonrandomized clinical trial we assessed its safety and ability to reduce intraocular pressure (IOP).

**Methods:** Fifteen patients (15 eyes: 10 with open-angle glaucoma (OAG), 4 with ocular hypertension, and 1 with pseudobulbous glaucoma), naive or after medication washout, with an IOP  $\geq 22$  mm Hg, underwent DSLT by irradiation with 100 or 120 sequential noncontact 532-nm Q-switched laser shots (0.8–1.4 mJ) automatically applied during 1.5 or 2.3 seconds on the limbus, guided by image analysis and eye tracking. Results were assessed at 1 and 3 hours, 1 day, 1 week, and 1, 3, and 6 months.

**Results:** The mean  $\pm$  standard deviation baseline IOP (mm Hg) in all eyes was 26.7  $\pm$  2.3. At 1, 3, and 6 months, this value was significantly reduced to 21.7  $\pm$  4.2 (by 18.1%), to 20.8  $\pm$  2.3 (by 37.4%), and to 21.2  $\pm$  4.1 (by 18.9%), respectively, in the patients treated with 1.4 mJ/shot, the mean IOP at 6 months decreased from 26.7  $\pm$  2.2 to 19.3  $\pm$  2.0 (27.1%,  $P = 0.03$ ). There was a significant reduction in hypotensive medications from 1.4  $\pm$  1.0 to 0.4  $\pm$  0.7 ( $P = 0.05$ ). No serious adverse events occurred.

**Conclusions:** Automated DSLT appears to be an effective and safe noncontact, rapid modality for reducing IOP in patients with OAG. Higher energy usage led to better results.

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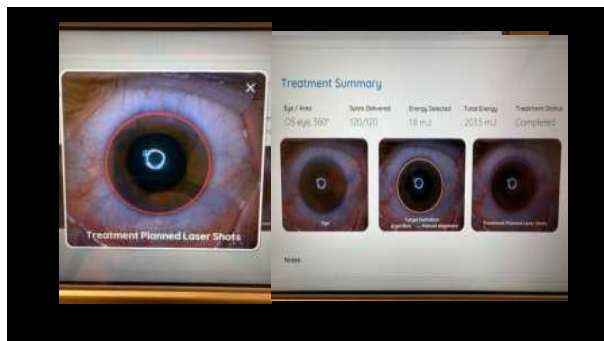
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### Innovations for NTG

FYSX O-PAP (Ocular Pressure Adjusting Pump)

- Only nonsurgical, non-pharma way to lower IOP
- Lowers IOP in every eye, every time
- Lowers IOP safely
- Can be used in combination with existing therapies
- Titrate IOP to target pressure level
- Lowers IOP during the vulnerable period at Night
- Ability to monitor usage, encourage compliance, and obtain data

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### THE SOLUTION IS BASED ON PHYSICS

- The atmosphere pressurizes the entire body
- By lowering the pressure only over the eyes, it lowers the IOP relative to the rest of the body
- It's just physics, and physics works every time
- IOP can be dialed into the specific target

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### 2 Multi-Center Randomized Controlled Trials

**Apollo – Open-Angle Glaucoma**

- N = 128 eyes of 64 Subjects
- Contralateral Eye Served as Control
- IOP Inclusion - 13-32 mmHg
- POAG, NTG, OHT, and Glaucoma Suspects**
- 89.7% had IOP Reduction of >20%
- 100% of eyes had IOP Reduction
- IOP decreased from 19.4 to 17.9 mmHg (34%)**
- IOP Decreased in addition to existing therapy
- IOP Decrease regardless of Baseline IOP
- No SAEs
- ~20% of eyes had temporary lid edema

**Artemis – Normal Tension Glaucoma**

- N = 182 eyes of 91 Subjects
- Contralateral Eye Served as Control
- IOP Inclusion - ≤ 21 mmHg
- NTG Only – IOP Measure Overnight in Sleep Lab**
- 98.2% had IOP Reduction of >20% at night
- 100% of eyes had IOP Reduction
- IOP decreased from 20.7 to 17.7 mmHg (39%)**
- IOP Decreased in addition to existing therapy
- IOP Decrease regardless of Baseline IOP
- No SAEs
- ~17% of eyes had temporary lid edema

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### Schlemm's Canal/TM Procedures

	Stents	SC Dilation	TM Cutting
Fibrosis Risk	(-)	(+)/(-)	(+)(+)
Hyphema	(-)	(+)/(-)	(+)(+)
PAS Risk	(-)	(-)	(+)
IOP Lowering	(+)	(+)	(+)(+)
Data	(+)(+)(+)	(+)/(-)	(+)(+)

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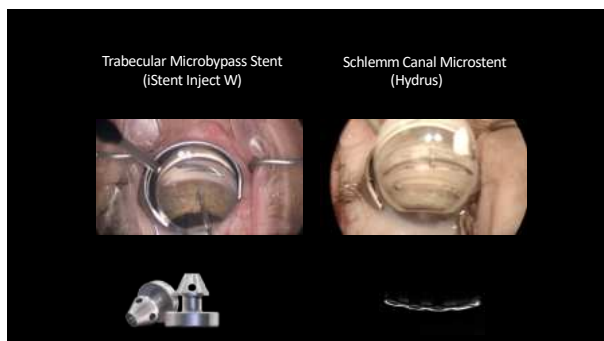
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### HORIZON Trial

	Baseline (dB)	CS-iStent	CS	Difference
Main selection	26.73 (26.63, 27.03)	26.74 (26.30, 27.18)	26.74 (26.30, 27.18)	0.01 (-0.52, 0.54)
Rate (dB/year)	-0.26 (0.36, -0.16)	-0.49 (0.63, -0.34)	-0.49 (0.63, -0.34)	-0.23 (-0.46, -0.00)

Microstent lowers the rate of visual field loss per year:

# 47%

vs cataract surgery alone

Gazzard G, Montesano G, Omotto G. Five-year Visual Field Outcomes from the Multicenter, Randomized, HORIZON trial. *Am J Ophthalmol*. Feb 20, 2022.

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### OSD IMPROVEMENT IN IMPLANTED EYES<sup>1</sup>

**Mean OSDI Score**

Time Point	Mean OSDI Score	p-value
Pre-stent	48.3	p<0.0001
Month 3	31.8	

Schweizer AJ, Hauser WJ, Bach M, Baarman B, Gollamudi SR, Gribben AM, Liro S, Quaid JP. Prospective Interventional Cohort Study of Ocular Surface Disease Changes in Eyes After Trabecular Micro-Bypass Stent<sup>1</sup> Implantation (Stent or Stent Inject) with Phacoemulsification. *Optom*. 2020; Aug 13.

- Prospective, multicenter trial evaluating four ocular surface metrics 3 months post-stent implantation.
- n=47 eyes
- Other ocular health metrics improved as well:
  - 49% longer time to tear break-up (FTBUT) (p<0.0001)
  - Significantly reduced corneal/conjunctival staining (Oxford Schema) (p<0.0001)
  - Trend toward less hyperemia (Eilon Score)

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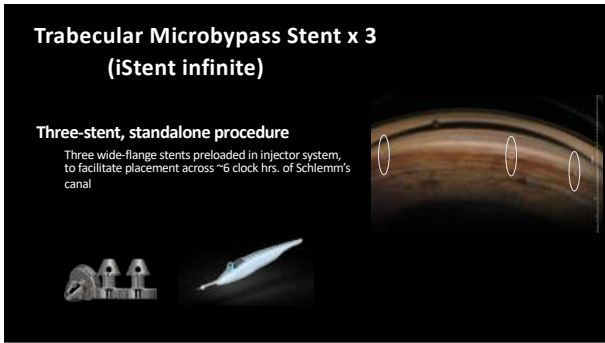
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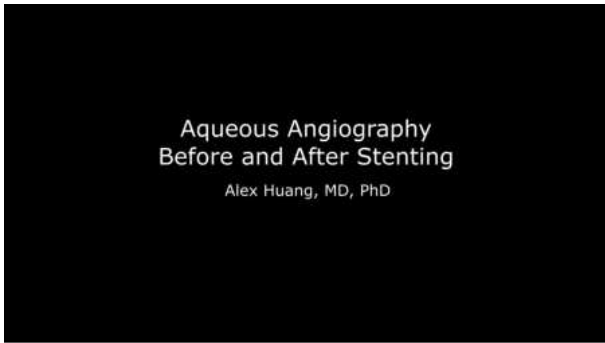
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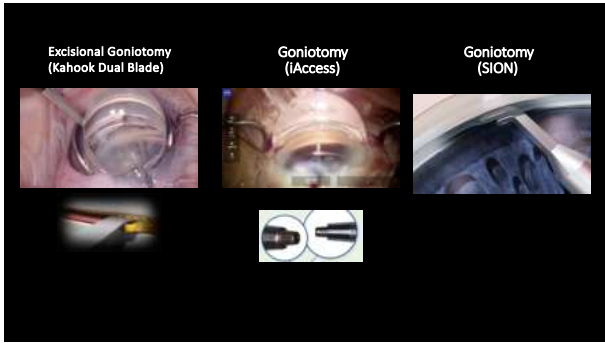
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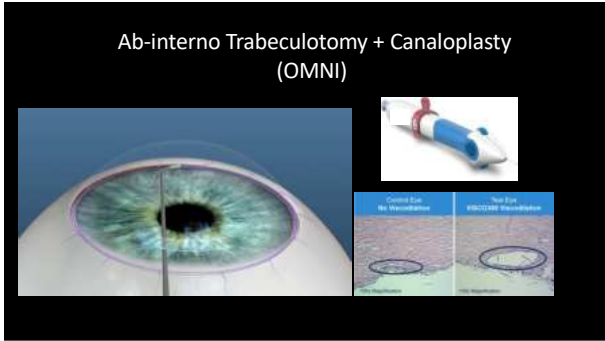
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Xen 45 Gel Stent  
US Pivotal Clinical Trial

The image shows a diagram of a subconjunctival stent (Xen) implanted in the eye. To the right is a table with clinical trial data.

	Baseline	12 month
Medicated IOP	25.1 (3.7)	15.9 (5.2)
Glaucoma Meds	3.5 (1.0)	1.7 (1.5)

Hypotony 16 (24.6%)  
Bleb Needling 21 (32.3%)

Subconjunctival Stent (Xen)

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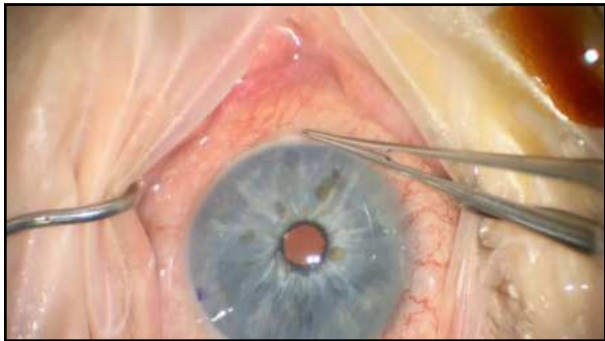
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### A Peek into The Future...

**Elios**  
Excimer Laser Technology  
10 Microchannels in the TM  
Combo with CEX



**Vialase**  
Femtosecond laser  
Micron-accurate gonio imaging  
Non-invasive  
Customized drainage channels



Camera      Femtosecond Laser

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### A Peek into The Future...

**MINject**  
5-mm-long uveoscleral device  
2-year outcomes of 25 patients  
have shown a 40% reduction of  
IOP.



**Minimally invasive micro-sclerostomy (MIMS)**  
Stent-less  
90-micron diameter cylinder of scleral tissue  
Ab interno approach



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### Post-operative Considerations with MIGS

1. Stopping GLC Meds
2. IOP Spikes
3. Hyphema
4. Hypotony
5. Establish New Baselines



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### Stopping Glaucoma Medications

Severity of the Glaucoma

Preoperative IOP vs Postoperative IOP  
IOP progression was occurring

New baseline and hopefully off a med or meds

Likely on med in combo with MIGS

The diagram illustrates the relationship between preoperative and postoperative IOP. It shows two sets of visual field plots and IOP graphs. The left set is labeled 'New baseline and hopefully off a med or meds' with a blue arrow pointing to the right. The right set is labeled 'Likely on med in combo with MIGS' with a blue arrow pointing to the left. The text 'Preoperative IOP vs Postoperative IOP IOP progression was occurring' is centered between the two sets.

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### PAS to Stents

US Pivotal iStent Inject Trial  
1.8% @ 24 months

HORIZON Trial  
13% @ 48 months

YAG laser considered to open stent

The image shows a close-up of a YAG laser procedure on a stent. The laser beam is visible as a bright green line, and the surrounding tissue is illuminated in blue and red.

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### IOP Spikes

The image shows a close-up of an IOP spike during a procedure. The spike is visible as a bright green line, and the surrounding tissue is illuminated in blue and red.

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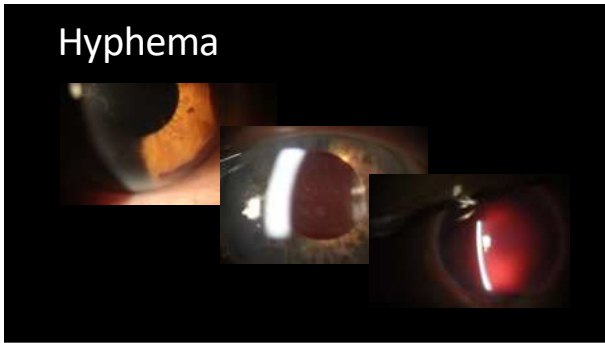
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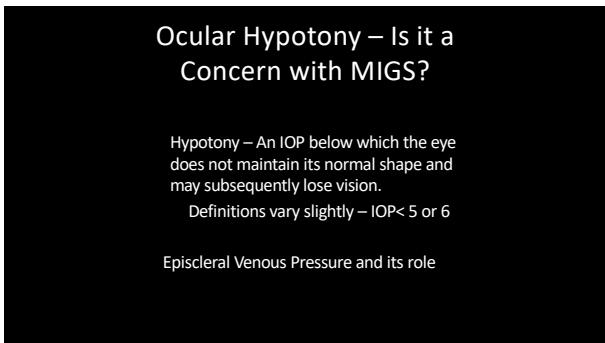
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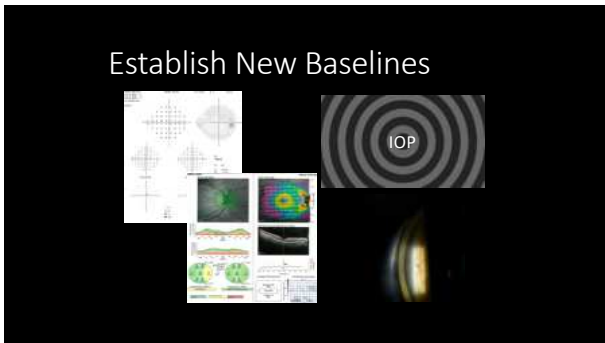
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**Technology is nothing.**

What's important is that you have a faith in people, that they're basically good and smart, and if you give them tools, they'll do wonderful things with them.

[justin.schweitzer@vancethompsonvision.com](mailto:justin.schweitzer@vancethompsonvision.com)

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