The Good, The Bad and The Orals

COPE# 85534-PH

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Disclosures - Walter O. Whitley, OD, MBA, FAAO has received consulting fees, honorarium or research funding from:

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Prescribing Considerations

- Indications
- Brand vs. generics
- Does the insurance cover prescriptions?
- Costs of medications
- Compliance

Patient Assistance Programs

- www.myalcon.com
- · www.allergan.com
- www.bausch.com
- www.tarsusrx.com
- www.rxhope.com
- www.RxOutreach.orgwww.NeedyMeds.org
- www.pparx.org
- www.goodrx.com

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Barriers to Adherence

Patient Compliance and Dosing • Literature review of 76 studies show • Compliance increases with decreased dosage regimen and complexity¹ • 79% compliance with QD regimen vs 51% for QID regimens (p=0.001)¹ • Simpler, less-frequent dosing results in better compliance in a variety of therapeutic classes¹

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Prescription Considerations

- · Review medical history
 - Renal function
 - Liver function
- · Review current medications
- Side effect vs. true allergies
- · Pregnant or nursing
- Rx for children

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Prescribing for Women

- Certain medications are OK in pregnancy
- Breast feeding

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 Consult OB-GYN if necessary



FDA Labeling



So What Can Be Used During Pregnancy?

- Antibiotics
 - Amoxicillin
 - Amoxicillin/clavulanate
 - Azithromycin
 - Erythromycin
- Antivirals
 - Acyclovir
- ValacyclovirAnti-inflammatory
 - Prednisone

- Analgesics
 - Acetaminophen
 - Ibuprofen
 - Tylenol #3
 - Vicodin
- Allergy
 - Diphenhydramine
 - Loratadine

What About Topical Medications During Pregnancy?

- Category B
 - Antibiotics tobramycin
 - Allergy alcaftadine
 - Glaucoma brimonidine
- Category C
 - Allergy olopatadine
 - Anti-inflammatory steroids, cyclosporine
 - Anti-viral ganciclovir, trifluridine

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Prescribing Considerations for

Kids

- 1. Know the age
- 2. Know the weight >88lbs
- 3. Look up the dosage
 - mg/kg/day
- 4. Be good at math
 - Or call the pharmacist
- 5. Avoid
 - Tetracyclines
 - Fluoroquinolones





Math is Fun!

- Augmentin 20-40 mg/kg/day po in 3 doses
- Convert pounds to kg
 50 lbs / 2.2 lbs = 23kg
- Multiply kg by dosage to get DAILY dose mg
 23kg * 20 mg/kg = 460 mg
- Daily dose divided by number of doses per day
 460 mg / 3 = 150 mg po tid





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Prescribing for Children

- · Clarks rule
 - Adult Dose X (Weight ÷ 150) = Child's Dose
- Example
 - 9 year old girl 50 lbs
 - 500mg X (50 ÷ 150) = Child's Dose
 - 500mg X .33 = 165mg
 - Child's Dose = 165mg
 - Rx: 175 mg po tid

Clinical References/Apps

Epocrates

GoodRx

Eye Handbook

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Case #1

- 34 YOWF presents with pain and swelling OD lid and right side of face. Started about 4 days ago suddenly and not getting better. Started amoxicillin/clavulanate 1 PO BID 2 days prior. She is 20 wks pregnant and can only take Tylenol for pain. Had a similar episode a couple years prior which resolved.
- Oc Hx: Epiphora OD
- Med Hx: 20 weeks pregnant / unremarkable
- Allergies: NKMA

Examination

• BCVA:

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- OD 20/25
- OS 20/20
- Neg APD
- CVF/EOMs Full OU

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What is Our Likely Diagnosis?

- 1) Chalazion
- 2) Acquired NLD stenosis
- 3) Dacryoadenitis
- 4) Preseptal cellulitis
- 5) Does it really matter???

Which Antibiotic Would You Choose?

- 1) Change to ciprofloxacin 500mg BID PO
- 2) Erythromycin ointment BID OD
- 3) Continue amoxicillin/clavulanate 875 mg BID po
- 4) Change to azithromycin as directed
- 5) Does it really matter???

So what did we do??? We lanced it and kept on amoxicillin/clavulanate and Scheduled DCR

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Amoxicillin / clavulanate

- Penicillinase-resistant penicillin
- Disrupts the synthesis of peptidoglycan in bacterial cell walls
- Bactericidal
- 500 mg TID or 875 mg, 1000mg BID for one week
- Can be used in kids and pregnancy category B
- Side Effects/Contraindications:
 - · Cannot be taken if penicillin allergy
 - GI upset
 - Liver injury

Fluconazole

- Effective against candidiasis, cryptococcal meningitis
- Interferes with fungal cytochrome P450 activity (lanosterol14- α -demethylase) decreasing ergosterol synthesis
- Pregnancy Category C
- 150 mg as a single oral dose
- Side effect
 - Headache

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Eyelid / Conjunctival Cultures

- Eyelid
 - Moisten swab, rub along the lid margins
- Conjunctiva
 - Inferior palpebral conjuntiva
- · Inoculate solid media plates
- Culture
 - Calcium alginate swab
 - Cotton-tipped applicator
 - Transport medium

Example of Culture Report

- Hold for:
 - Bacteria 1 week
 - Viral 2 weeks
 - Fungal 1 month
- Test for all sensitivities



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Treatments for MRSA

- 100% to vancomycin1
- 97.7% to sulfisoxazole1
- 95% to Polytrim²
- 93.2% were sensitive to tetracycline¹
- 63.6% were sensitive to bacitracin¹
- 14.8% of MRSA isolates were sensitive to ciprofloxacin and erythromycin1
- · Besifloxacin has been reported to be effective

Freidlin J. Acharya N, Lietman TM, et al. Spectrum of eye disease caused by methicillin-resistant staphylococcus aureus. Am J Ophthalmol. 2007 Aug;144(2):313-5 Asbell PA Colby KA Deng S, et al. Ocular TRUST: nationwide antimicrobial susceptibility patterns in ocular isolates. Am J Ophthalmol. 2008 Jun;145(6):951-58.

Trimethoprim/sulfamethoxazole

- Trimethoprim: Inhibits dihydrofolate reductase, thereby blocking production of tetrahydrofolic acid from dihydrofolic acid
- Sulfamethoxazole: Inhibits bacterial synthesis of dihydrofolic acid by competing with para-aminobenzoic acid
- 80mg/400mg or 160mg/800mg
- Pregnancy Category C
- Effective against MRSA
- · Side Effects
 - Nausea, vomiting, loss of appetite
 - · Mild itching or rash
 - Neurological abnormalities / hyperkalemia / renal complications
 Steven Johnson's Syndrome

26 25

You've Got to be Kidding Me!

- 27yowm presents with red, painful, blurry VA OS. Started 10 days ago after returning from a trip to Italy. Taking 500mg Naprosyn for HA.
- Health Unremarkable
- Vasx: OD 20/20-3

OS 20/25-3 with NI

• IOP: 9 / 10

- SLE:
 - OD Mild limbal flush / 1+ Cells
 - OS 2+ Inj / 2+ Cells

What is Your Treatment?

- Prednisolone acetate 1% vs. difluprednate 0.05% vs. loteprednol etabonate .5%
- Homatropine 5% vs. Scopolamine 0.25% vs. Atropine 1%
- · Would you consider lab testing?
- · Would you prescribe an oral medication?

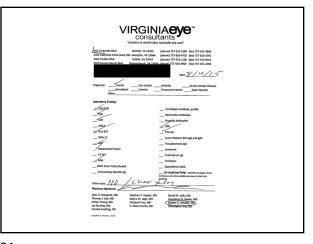
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Case #3

- · Acute, bilateral non-granulomatous, anterior uveitis OU
- Cause???
- Treatment
 - Difluprednate qid OD, q2h OS
 - Cyclopentolate 2% TID OU

Pulse Therapy

- QID to Q 1 Hour for 7 to 10 Days
- Zero Tolerance for AC Cells
- Avoids Surface Toxicity
- · Quick & Dirty
- Hit It Hard and Fast: Aggressive



Screening Tests for Syphilis

- · Venereal Disease Research Lab (VDRL)
 - · VDRL may become non-reactive in latent syphilis or after successful treatment
 - False positives may occur in:
 - Pregnancy
 - · Infectious mononucleosis
 - · Systemic lupus erythematosis
- Rapid Plasma Reagin (RPR)
 - Alternative to VDRL

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Fluorescent Treponemal Antibody Absorption (FTA-ABS)

- Detects specific antibodies against T pallidum
- · Confirms diagnosis of syphilis
 - More specific than VDRL
 - More sensitive in primary syphilis
- Test may remain positive for life
- Reactive:
 - Primary syphilis 95%
 - Secondary 100% • Late latent 100%

 - Tertiary 96%
 - · False positives may occur in pregnancy and SLE

Syphilis

- STD caused by T pallidum / great imitator / any tissue and organ
- Sexually active / multiple partners
- Systemic Sx Depends on stage primary painless ulcer / secondary skin rash palms, soles, trunk / tertiary neurosyphilis
- All types of ocular inflammation
- Labs
 - VDRL / RPR
 - FTA ABS
 - ESR elevated
- Tx penicillin therapy
- · Good prognosis if treated early

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So He Has an Allergy to PCN?

- Augenbraun M, Workowski K. Ceftriaxone therapy for syphilis: report from the emerging infections network. Clin Infect Dis. 1999 Nov. 29(5):1337-8
 - Tetracycline, erythromycin, and ceftriaxone have shown antitreponemal activity in clinical trial

Doxycycline

- Inhibits bacterial protein synthesis
- Cannot be used for kids <8 and pregnancy/nursing Category D
- · Anti-infective dose: 100 mg BID for 10 days
- Anti-inflammatory dose: 50 mg BID for one month then qd 1-3 months
- Side effects/Contraindications:
 - GI upset: caution patient to take this with food
 - Photosensitivity
 - Pseudotumor cerebri

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Azithromycin

- Inhibit bacterial protein synthesis
- Z pak: 500 mg Day 1, 250 mg Day 2-5 or 1g dose
- Pregnancy Category B
- Side Effects/Contraindications:
 - Gl upset
 - Headache
 - Rash
 - May worsen myasthenia gravis symptoms
 - · Kidney or liver dysfunction
- Consider risk of fatal heart rhythms

MGD: Azithromycin vs. Doxy

- Purpose: To assess the efficacy and safety of oral azithromycin compared with oral doxycycline in patients with meibomian gland dysfunction (MGD) who had failed to respond to prior conservative management.
- Conclusion: Although both oral azithromycin and doxycycline improved the symptoms of MGD, 5-day oral azithromycin is recommended for its better effect on improving the signs, better overall clinical response and shorter duration of treatment

Kashkouli et. Al. Oral azithromycin versus doxycycline in meibomian gland dysfunction: a randomised double masked open-label clinical trial. Br J Ophthalmol. 2015 Feb;99(2):199-204.

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MGD: Azithromycin vs. Doxy

- Satitpitakul V, Ratanawongphaibul K, Kasetsuwan N, Reinprayoon U. Efficacy of azithromycin 1.5% eyedrops vs oral doxycycline in meibomian gland dysfunction: a randomized trial. Graefes Arch Clin Exp Ophthalmol. 2019 Jun;257(6):1289-1294.
- Upaphong P, Tangmonkongvoragul C, Phinyo P. Pulsed Oral Azithromycin vs 6-Week Oral Doxycycline for Moderate to Severe Meibomian Gland Dysfunction: A Randomized Clinical Trial. JAMA Ophthalmol. 2023 May 1;141(5):423-429

Ocular Uses for Antibiotics

Bacterial keratitis

Lyme disease

Canaliculitis

· Eyelid lacerations

Chalazion/Hordeolum

• Ocular surface disease

• Chlamydia

Orbital blow-out fracture

DacryocystitisDacryoadenitis

• Preseptal cellulitis

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Oral Antibiotics

- Is an oral antibiotic truly needed?
- Coverage
- Check allergy information
- Consider generics
- Take full course of therapy

Blowout Fracture

- Check VA
- Base and medial walls of orbit are very thin
- Does not need to be a major trauma
- Look for trapped EOMs
- Sunken eye
- · Infraorbital hypoesthesia
- Diplopia
- Pain on eye movement
- Nausea

Repair?

- Within 2 weeks
 - Symptomatic diplopia within 30º of primary gaze
 - Muscle entrapment (prevent ischemia and necrosis)
 - Fracture greater than 50% of orbit floor
 - · Displaced orbital rim fracture
 - > 2mm of enophthalmos
 - Significant hypo-ophthalmos
- Monitor
 - Diplopia outside central 30º
 - · Modest isolated fractures
 - Improvement over first 2 weeks

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Cephalexin

- First generation cephalosporin
- · Caution in those with PCN allergy
- Disrupts the synthesis of peptidoglycan in bacterial cell walls
- Bactericidal but less susceptible to penicillinase
- Pregnancy Category B
- 500 mg BID for one week
- 5-10% cross-sensitivity with PCN
- Side Effects/Contraindications:
 - Renal dysfunction
 - GI disease

Abx Cross-sensitivity Reactions

Orbital Trauma in Children

• More common to get muscle entrapment

• Evaluation for repair typically in 5-7 days

· More elastic orbits

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• Trap door orbital floor fractures are very common

- The overall cross-reactivity rate is approximately 1% when using first-generation cephalosporins or cephalosporins with similar R1 side chains
- For penicillin-allergic patients, the use of third-or fourth-generation cephalosporins or cephalosporins with dissimilar side chains than the offending penicillin carries a negligible risk of cross allergy

Campagna, J.D. et. Al. The use of cephalosporins in penicillin-allergic patients: a literature review. J Emerg Med. 2012

May: 42(5):612-20

45

Weekend Call

- 64 yowm c/o decreased VA OS, watery eye, no pain
- Hit head on corner of the bed last night
- Went to sleep hoping it gets better
- · Used ATs for relief
- Ocular Hx: Cataract surgery OU, PKP OS 2005

Levofloxacin

- Broad spectrum antibiotic
- Can be used in patients with PCN allergy
- Not to be used in children, pregnancy, nursing
- Dosage: 500 mg qd for one week
- Warnings:
 - Tendinitis and tendon rupture
 - Increase risk of RD?
 - · Peripheral neuropathy

Spider Bite

- 63YOWM Referred by PCP for sudden decrease VA OD and swelling of eyelids OD>OS for 1 week
 - Pressure from forehead to cheek
 - · Worse in evenings
 - Mild seasonal allergies
 - Some tearing and redness OD
- Bitten 3 weeks ago on top of the head while working in the yard which become swollen that evening
- Went to PCP and given oral ABX which finished yesterday

Examination

Non-healing scab on R forehead

• Conjunctiva: 2+ injection OD

 Cornea: 2+SPK, 2+ MCE, 1+ KPs, No dendrites OD

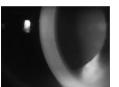
• AC: 2+ Cells OD

• Lens: 2+ NS OD / 1+NS OS

• IOP: 31/13

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Diagnosis???

- Considerations
 - PCP told him he had an infection not shingles
 - Episode started 3 weeks prior
- Treatment
 - Valacyclovir 1000mg TID po
 - Difluprednate QID OD
 - Timolol 0.5% QAM OD
 - F/u 1 week

Herpes Varicella-Zoster Virus

- Primary infections: Chicken pox
 - Remains latent in dorsal root or other sensory ganglia after primary infection
 - May lie dormant for years to decades
- Later infections: Shingles
 - Virus specific cell-mediated immune responses decline
 - Localized cutaneous rash erupting in a single dermatome
 - HZO accounts for 10-25% of all cases of shingles

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Herpes Zoster Ophthalmicus

- 90% of U.S. population infected with VZV by adolescence
- 100% of U.S. population by 60 years of age
- 1.5-3.4 cases per 1,000 individuals

http://emedicine.medscape.com/article/783223-overview#aw2aab6b4

Herpes Zoster Ophthalmicus

- Conjunctivitis
- Scleritis
- Pseudodendrites
- Keratic precipitates
- Iritis

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- Synechiae
- Neurotrophic keratitis
- Elevated IOP
- Potential vascular occlusion
- Nerve palsies
- Glaucoma (longer-term)





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HZO: Signs and Symptoms

- Prodromal phase: fatigue, malaise, low-grade fever
- Unilateral rash over the forehead, upper eyelid, and nose
 - 60% of patient have dermatomal pain prior to rash
 - Erythematous macules to papules to vesicles to pustules to crusts
 - Other symptoms: eye pain, conjunctivitis, tearing, decrease VA, eyelid rash
 - · Hutchinson's sign
- Post-herpetic neuralgia: >12 months for 50%

HZO: Treatment

- Local wound care
- · Analgesia
- Antivirals
 - Valtrex 1g TID
- · Antibiotics??
- · Oral corticosteroids
- · Post-herpetic neuralgia
 - Tricyclic antidepressants
 - Topical capsaicin ung
 - Gabapentin

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Case Example

- Two week f/u Finished Zylet with No Improvement
- K Microcysts in affected area, (-) stain



- IOP 40 mmHg
- Referred for second opinion

Case Example

- No change in SLE
- IOP improved to 32 mm Hg
- Dx: HSV Iridocyclitis OD
- Tx:

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- Valacyclovir 500 mg tid
- Loteprednol x qid
- Timolol 0.5%l bid



Oral Antivirals

- Inhibit viral DNA polymerase without inhibiting normal cellular activity
- Works best if treatment initiated within 72 hours
- Pregnancy category B
- Caution in patients with renal disease

Antiviral Drug	HSV	HZO
Acyclovir	400 mg 5x/day for 1 week	800 mg 5x/day for 1 week
Valacyclovir	500 mg TID for 1 week	1000 mg TID for 1 week
Famciclovir	250 mg TID for 1 week	500 mg TID for 1 week

Vaccines for HZO – Shingrix (GSK)

- Vaccine indicated for prevention of herpes zoster (shingles) in adults aged 50 years and older
- 2 IM doses (0.5 mL each) at 0 and 2 to 6 months
- Reduced risk of developing HZ from 85 97%
- Efficacy against PHN 85.5%

Data available from Shingrix PI

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Orals for Simplex???





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Herpetic Eye Disease Study II

- HSV Epithelial Keratitis Trial
 - No benefit from oral ACV with topical trifluridine in preventing the development of stromal keratitis / iritis
- Acyclovir Prevention Trial
 - Reduced by 41% the probability of recurrence
 - 50% reduction in the rate of return of the more severe form
- Ocular HSV Recurrence Factor Study
 - · No results available

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Incidence of Allergic Symptoms Eye Symptoms Are the Second Most Common Allergy Presentation 6 out of 10 allergy patients suffer ocular allergy symptoms The 1999 Gallup Study of Allergies and Allergic Symptoms Affecting the Nose, Throat, Eyes, and Skin

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Herpetic Eye Disease Study I

- Herpes Stromal Keratitis, Not on Steroid Trial
 - Pred Phosphate faster resolution and fewer treatment
 - Delaying treatment did not affect outcome
- Herpes Stromal Keratitis, on Steroid Treatment
 - No apparent benefit in the addition of oral acyclovir to the treatment of topical corticosteroid and topical antiviral
- HSV Iridocyclitis, Receiving Topical Steroids
 - Trend in the results suggests benefit in adding oral acyclovir

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Herpes and Bell's Palsy

- HSV or HZV has been shown to cause Bell's Facial Nerve Palsy
- Main concern is dry eye secondary to poor lid function

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Oral Antihistamines

- · Central acting antihistamines
 - Benadryl (diphenhydramine)
 - Chlortrimeton
- Peripherally acting antihistamines
 - Selective peripheral histamine H1 receptor blockade
 - Less CNS and anticholinergic effects
 - · Less sedating but also less effective
 - · With / without a decongestant

Common OTC Allergy Meds

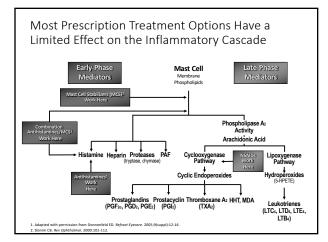
- Inhibits action of histamine by blocking H1 receptors preventing symptoms of allergy
 - Cetirizine (Zyrtec) 5 or 10mg qd
 - Desloratadine (Clarinex) 5mg qd
 - Fexofenadine (Allegra) 60mg bid; 180mg qd
 - · Loratidine (Claritin) 10 mg qd
- Pregnancy category C
- Side Effects/Contraindications:
 - Hypersensitivity reactions
 - Dry mouth
 - Headache
 - Nervousness

Diphenhydramine

- Temporarily relieves these symptoms due to hay fever or other upper respiratory allergies
 - Runny nose
 - Sneezing
 - Itchy, watery eyes
 - Itching of the nose or throat
- Pregnancy Category B
- 25-50 mg q6-8 hours
- Side effects
 - Blurred VA, Diplopia
 - CNS depression / somnolence

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Montelukast sodium

- · Leukotriene receptor antagonist
- Indications:
 - Prophylaxis and chronic treatment for asthma
 - Acute prevention of exercise-induced brochoconstriction
 - Relief of symptoms of allergic rhinitis
- 10 mg tablet qd
- Side effects
 - Behavior or mood changes, URI, fever, headache, sore throat, cough, stomach pain, diarrhea, ear ache or ear infection, flu, runny nose, and sinus infection

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Oral Medications for Dry Eye

- Nutritional supplements
 - 1,000 mg BID of Omega-3 Fish Oil
- Lovaza (Rx fish oils)
 - 4g per day po
 - Indicated as an adjunct to diet to reduce triglyceride levels in adult patients with severe hypertriglyceridemia
- Oral pilocarpine
 - Salagen*: 5 mg qid for dry mouth
 - $\bullet\,$ Evoxac*: 30 mg tid for dry mouth

Long-ferm Treatment with Nutritional Supplements Containing Gamma Lincolenic Acid and Omega 3 Fatty acids improve Moderate to Severe Keratoconjunctivities Sicco.

John D. Sheppert, P. V. Species, P. V.

Effect of Oral Re-Esterified Omega-3 Nutritional Supplementation on Dry-Eye Disease: Double-Masked Randomized Placebo-Controlled Study

- 105 patients with dry eye disease
 - Four capsules (2 gm) once a day containing 1680mg EPA and 560mg DHA (PRN Dry Eye Omega Benefits) for 3 months or four capsules of placebo.
 - All patients underwent a screening, baseline, 6 week and 12 weeks visit.
 - On each visit patients were tested for tear osmolarity, MMP-9, fluorescein corneal staining, Schirmer's testing, and OSDI. On the screening exam and week 12 evaluation patients had their omega index tested.
- This study demonstrated that oral consumption of reesterified omega-3 fatty acids (1680 mg EPA and 560 mg DHA once daily for 12 weeks) is an effective treatment of dry eye disease and results in a statistically significant improvement in tear osmolarity, OSDI, tear break up time and omega index levels

Donnenfeld ED, Holland, EJ, Bucci FA, et. A

Deinema, LA, Algis, JV, Chinn, YW. Ophthalmology Volume 124, Issue 1, Pages 43-52 (January 2017



A Randomized, Double-Masked, Placebo-Controlled Clinical Trial of Two Forms of Omega-3 Supplements for Treating Dry Eye Disease

A Tear osmolarity

B OSDI

Fish oi (n=19)

Fish oi (n=18)

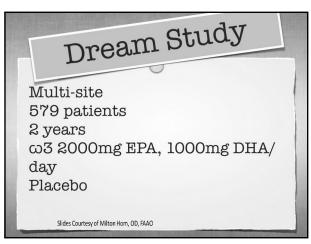
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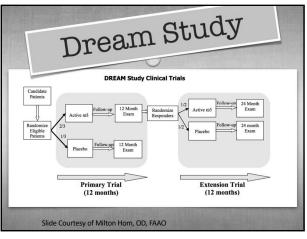
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Results

- No significant difference between fish / olive oil groups
- However, both groups improved significantly in primary endpoint of symptoms (plus secondary endpoints of corneal / conj staining, TBUT)
- Olive oil may not have been best choice for study
- There's been much confusion over findings

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Can daily supplementation with marine ω -3 fatty acids prevent the development of dry eye disease (DED)?

- Findings In this randomized clinical trial of 23,523 US adults who at study entry were free of a previous diagnosis of DED and were not experiencing severe dry eye symptoms, daily supplementation with 1 g of marine ω-3 fatty acids for a median (range) 5.3 (3.8-6.1) years had no significant effect on the incidence of diagnosed DED or reported DED symptoms.
- Meaning The results do not support recommending marine ω -3 fatty acid supplementation to reduce the incidence of DED.

Case #5

• 38 year old, African American, Female presents with red, painful, and photophobic OS

What does this mean to clinicians?

- headlines often get it wrong

we should consider

We should all make effort to educate ourselves on research

• Fish oil may be beneficial, but may not be the only option

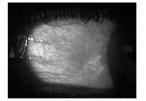
• Other omegas (e.g. GLA), and nutrients have clinical evidence in OSD, weren't examined in DREAM

- Started 3 weeks ago / similar episode 10 years ago
- Tried dexamethasone 0.1% but no relief
- BCVA OD 20/25 OS 20/20
- IOP: 17 mmHg

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Differentials

- Conjunctivitis
- Episcleritis
- Scleritis
- Uveitis



When Should Lab Tests Be Ordered?

· Bilateral cases

· Hyperacute cases

· Atypical age group

· Worsens with tapering

• Recurrent uveitis

VA worsens

Scleritis

Immunosuppressed

Recalcitrant cases

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Treatment for Scleritis

- NSAIDS
- Systemic steroids
- Immunosuppressive therapy
- Topical steroids???

Ibuprofen

- Analgesic, antipyretic, anti-inflammatory properties
- Suppresses inflammatory cascade by inhibiting COX pathway
- Pregnancy Category
 - C Prior to 30 weeks gestation
 - D After 30 weeks gestation
- OTC 200 mg tablets/capsules
- Analgesic dosage 1,200 mg / day
- Anti-inflammatory dosage 3,200 mg / day
- · Generics available

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Oral Anti-inflammatory Indications

- · Allergic reaction
- Uveitis
- Scleritis
- AION
- · Optic neuritis
- Orbital pseudotumor
- Herpes zoster
- · Contact dermatitis
- Episcleritis

82 yowf Sudden Loss of VA OD

- · Ocular history:
 - Primary open angle glaucoma OU
 - Epithelial basement membrane dystrophy
 OU
 - Pseudophakia OU
 - Early Dry ARMD OU
- Medical history:
 - Arthritis
 - Hypertension
 - · High Cholesterol
 - · Peripheral Neuropathy
 - Restless leg Syndrome
 - GERD

87 88

- Ocular Medication
 - · Combigan BID OS
 - Travatan Z QHS OU
- Systemic Medication
 - Crestor 5mg
 - Amlodipine-Benazepril 5/10mg
 - Pramipexole 0.125mg
 - Tramadol HCL
 - Nexium 40mg
 - Lidoderm patch · Gabapentin 300mg
 - Celebrex 200mg
 - Iron supplement

· Krill oil supplement

Case Example

- VAcc:
 - OD: LP
 - OS: 20/50 +2
- CVF
 - · OD: constricted inferior 180
 - OS: Full to finger counting
- Pupils
 - OD: 1+ APD
 - OS: round and reactive
- IOP: 18mmHg/18mmHg by Goldmann
- EOM
 - Full OU

PW-GCA

- Assessment
 - Ischemic Optic Neuropathy OD
 - Pt denied any jaw pain, headaches, shoulder or hip pain, change in weight and malaise
- Plan
 - · Labs ordered: ESR, CRP, CBC w/diff
 - Medication: Prednisone 20mg 3 PO
 - Meds are not to be started before having blood drawn
 - Follow up in 1 week pending lab results

PW - GCA

- · Lab Results:
 - ESR: 95 (High)
 - CRP: 7.09 (High)
 - Platelet: 465 (High)
- Temporal artery biopsy scheduled in 2 weeks

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PW-GCA

- Temporal Artery Biopsy Result
 - Active arteritis with rare giant cells, consistent with temporal arteritis
 - · Mild arteriosclerosis
 - · Disruption and focal loss of internal elastic lamina
- Informed the patient that her PCP will monitor her labs from now on and adjust her oral prednisone dose accordingly. She is to continue on the 60mg/day dosing for right now until he instructs her otherwise
- Follow up in 1 month

Prednisone

- Suppresses inflammatory cascade and immune response
- Optic neuritis
 - Methylprednisolone 1g/day i.v. for 3 days
 - 60-100mg qd p.o. for 11 days
 - Only after initial IV steroid treatment per ONTT to decrease risk of recurrence
- AION: 60-100mg qd
- Scleritis/Uveitis
 - · Not responding to topical treatment
 - 40-80 mg as an initial dose with taper

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Prednisone

- Side Effects/Contraindications:
 - Increased IOP
 - Cataract formation
 - Fluid retention (moon face, buffalo hump)
 - Increase blood sugar levels in diabetics
 - Gastric ulcers
 - · Not to be used if pregnant
 - Mood changes
- Advantages:
 - Widely available
 - Inexpensive

Oral Corticosteroid Considerations

- · Accurate diagnosis is essential
- Indicated for acute inflammatory eye, orbital and eyelid conditions
- Pregnancy category C
- Dosepaks available
 - 24 mg, 30 mg, 60 mg with taper
- Best taken with meals
- Short term rarely has ocular side effects

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Ranitidine

- Histamine-2 blockers
- Works by reducing the amount of acid your stomach produces
- 150 mg BID po
- Generally well tolerated
- HA
- FDA Recalled

Oral Analgesics

- Hydrocodone/acetaminophen is the most frequently prescribed oral medication in the U.S.
- Indicated for:
 - Corneal abrasions
 - · Recurrent corneal erosions
 - · Severe keratitis
 - Severe iritis
 - · Refractive surgery

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Aspirin

- Pain, inflammation, fever, anti-platelet
- Pregnancy Category D
- OTC 325-650mg every 4-6 hours
- Avoid aspirin 1-2 weeks prior to surgery
- Consider in patients with CRVO, retinal emboli
- Side effects
 - Hypersensitivity
 - Rhinitis
 - Bleeding disorders
 - Reye's syndrome
 - Pregnancy

Acetaminophen

- Analgesics and antipyretic
- Indications:
 - Pain relief associated with corneal abrasions, chemical burns, headaches associated with eye pain, scleritis
- Pregnancy Category B
- Side Effects/Contraindications:
 - Rash, Hives
 - Itching
 - Difficulty swallowing/breathing
 - Overdose may damage liver
 - Do not take with alcohol

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Oral Narcotic Analgesics

- Centrally acting opioid receptor blockers
- Safe and effective for acute, short-term pain
- Clinically used in combination with acetaminophen
- Generally prescribed as one tablet po q4-6hours prn
- Onset 20 minutes, peak 1 hour, duration 4-6 hours

Hydrocodone/acetaminophen

- Dosage:
 - Vicodin contains 5mg hydrocodone with 300 mg APAP
 - Vicodin ES contains 7.5mg hydrocodone with 300 mg APAP
 - Vicoprofen contains 7.5mg hydrocodone with 200 mg ibuprofen
 - Pregnancy Category C
- 1 tablet po q4-6 hours
- Indicate how many in writing
- · Generics available

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Controlled Drug Act

- Schedule I drugs with a high abuse risk. These drugs have NO safe, accepted medical use in the United States. Some examples are heroin, marijuana, LSD, PCP, and crack cocaine.
- Schedule II drugs with a high abuse risk, but also have safe and accepted medical uses in the United States. These drugs can cause severe psychological or physical dependence. Schedule II drugs include certain narcotic, stimulant, and depressant drugs.
- Schedule III, IV, V drugs with an abuse risk less than Schedule II. These drugs also have safe and accepted medical uses in the United States. Schedule III, IV, or V drugs include those containing smaller amounts of certain narcotic and non-narcotic drugs, anti-anxiety drugs, tranquilizers, sedatives, stimulants, and non-narcotic analgesics.

essed from http://www.deadiversion.usdoi.gov/schedules/index.html_on 8/20/11

103 104

Side Effects of Pain Meds

- Constipation
- · Nausea and vomiting
- Sedation
- Dizziness
- Itching
- Respiratory depression
- Addiction

105 106

Angle Closure Glaucoma

- Fewer than 10% of US glaucoma cases
- Anatomically narrow angle
- Sex
 - 3 X higher in caucasian women
 - In blacks, men + women equally affected
- Incidence increases with age

Tramadol hydrochloride

- Moderate to severe pain
- Non-narcotic opioid receptor agonist
- Pregnancy Category C
- 50-100mg q4-6 hours
- Side effects
 - Hallucinations
 - Fever
 - · Nausea and vomiting
 - Seizure
 - Skin rash
 - Shallow breathing, weak pulse

Promethazine

- Used to treat allergy symptoms
- Prevents motion sickness
- Treats nausea and vomiting or pain after surgery
- Sedative or sleep aid
- 25 mg QID po

ACG Treatment Options

- Surgical Care
 - Laser iridotomy
 - Laser gonioplasty
- Medication
 - Alpha-adrenergic agonist
 - Beta-blockers
 - Miotic agents
 - Prostaglandins
 - · Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors

Acetazolamide

- Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitor
- Diuretic, interfering with conversion of bicarbonate and reducing aqueous formation
- Contraindicated in renal, hepatic, and respiratory disease
- Pregnancy Category C
- Decreases IOP by 40-60%
- 125 mg, 250 mg, 500 mg sequels

Acetazolamide

- Angle closure
 - 250mg X 2 plus topical glaucoma meds
 - Urgent LPI
- Chronic open angle glaucoma
 - · Diamox sequels 500mg BID
- Pseudotumor cerebri
 - Must have labs performed prior to treatment
 - MRI
 - Spinal tap
 - Diamox Sequels 500 mg BID

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Acetazolamide

- Side Effects/Contraindications:
 - · Not for those with sulfa allergy
 - Kidney dysfunction
 - Metallic taste
 - Tingling and burning in hands/feet
 - · Aplastic anemia
 - Diabetics susceptible to ketoacidosis

Ocular Side Effects of Systemic Medications

111 112

10 Most Commonly Prescribed Drugs

- 1) Hydrocodone (combined with acetaminophen)
- 2) Generic Zocor (simvastatin), a cholesterol-lowering statin drug
- Lisinopril (brand names include Prinivil and Zestril), a blood pressure drug
- 4) Generic Synthroid (levothyroxine sodium), synthetic thyroid hormone
- 5) Generic Norvasc (amlodipine besylate), an angina/blood pressure drug
- 6) Generic Prilosec (omeprazole), an antacid drug
- 7) Azithromycin (brand names include Z-Pak and Zithromax), an antibiotic
- 8) Amoxicillin (various brand names), an antibiotic
- 9) Generic Glucophage (metformin), a diabetes drug
- 10) Hydrochlorothiazide (various brand names), a water pill used to lower blood pressure

http://www.webmd.com/news/20110420/the-10-most-prescribed-drugs

Drug	Use	Ocular Effect
Alendronate	Osteoporosis	Episcleritis/scleritis/uveitis
Amiodorone	Ventricular arrhythmia	Optic Neuropahty
Antihistamines	Allergies	Decreased tear secretion
Chloroquine	Arthritis / Lupus	Bull's Eye Maculopathy
Contraceptives	You know	Decrease lacrimation
Corticosteroids	Anti-inflammatory	Increased IOP / PSC
Coumadin	Anticoagulant	Retinal Heme / SCH
Digoxin	Congestive Heart Failure	Yellow vision
Isotrentinoin	Recalcitrant acne	Dry eye / MGD
Gold Salts	Arthritis	Deposits on K / Lens
Sildenafil citrate	ED	NAION
Tamoxifen	Anti-cancer	Crystalline retinopathy
Tamsulosin	BPH	IFIS
Tetracycline	Antibacterial	Pseudotumor
Thioridazine	Anti-psychotic	Pigmentary retinopathy
Thorazine	Anti-psychotic	Stellate ASC
Topiramate	Migraines	Acute myopica / ACG

Sudden Decrease in VA

• 24 YOWF, decrease VA 5 minutes ago, OD temp VF

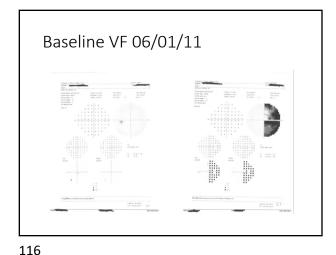
• Bitten by a spider 3 days prior

• Ohx: LASIK 3 months prior

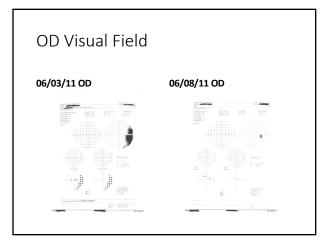
Mhx: UnremarkableShx: PT smoker

• VA ODsc: 20/25 OSsc: 20/20

• (-) APD • GAT: 7/10



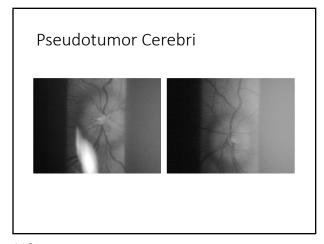
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Oral Contraceptives

- You know what it's for
- Ocular Side Effects
 - Optic neuritis
 - Pseudotumor
 - Dry eye
- Increase risk with smoking
 - Heart attack
 - Blood clots
 - Stroke • HTN
 - Migraines

117 118



What Medications Exacerbate Dry Eyes?

- Anti-hypertensive agents
- Antihistamine / Decongestants
- Hormonal Replacement Therapy
- Antidepressants
- Pain Relievers
- GI medications
- Chemotherapy
- Antipsychotics

119 120

Hydroxychloroquine sulfate

- Indicated for the treatment of discoid and systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, and malaria
- Dosage: 200mg to 400mg per day
- · Primary risk factors
 - Duration > 5 years
 - Cumulative dose >1000g

 - Systemic High BMI, liver, kidney dysfunction
 - Ocular retina or macular changes



American Academy of Ophthalmology Statement

Recommendations on Screening for Chloroquine and Hydroxychloroquine Retinopathy (2016 Revision)

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Fingolimod

 FDA-approved oral disease-modifying therapy for the treatment of <u>multiple sclerosis</u> (MS). It acts by modulating the sphingosine-1-phosphate (S1P) receptor, preventing the release of lymphocytes into the systemic circulation and therefore reducing autoimmune demyelination in the central nervous system Macular edema (ME) has been reported as a significant ocular adverse event associated with the use of fingolimod for the treatment of MS and is termed fingolimod-associated macular edema (FAME).

Fluoxetine

- Antidepressant
- Ocular side effects
 - · Dry eye
 - Blurred VA
 - Mydriasis
 - · Photophobia
 - Diplopia
 - Conjunctivitis
 - Ptosis

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Phenothiazines

- · Indicated for depression and anxiety
- · Ocular side effects
 - · Night blindness
 - Anterior subcapsular cataracts
 - · Salt and pepper fundus

Levothyroxine

- · Indicated for hypothyroidism
- · Ocular side effects
 - Diplopia
 - Ptosis
 - · EOM paralysis
- Graves Diseases
 - 5X W>M
- NOSPECS

Ethambutol

- · Indicated for tuberculosis
- Used in combination:
 - Rifampin
 - Isoniazid
 - Pyrizinamide
- Ocular side effects
 - Optic neuropathy
 - SE dose dependent

Sildenafil citrate

- Selective inhibitor of phosphodiesterase type 5
- Impairment of color discrimination (B/G)
- Non-arteritic ischemic optic neuropathy

127 128

Can Anything be Done?

- Hayreh SS, Zimmerman MB. Non-arteritic anterior ischemic optic neuropathy: Role of systemic corticosteroid therapy. Graefes Archives of Clinical Exp Ophthalmology 2008; 246:1029-1046.
- Initial VA 20/70 or worse, treated within 2 weeks of onset of symptoms
 - Visual outcome at 6 mo
 - Treated eyes 70% improved
 - Untreated eyes 41%.
 - Visual Fields
 - Treated 40.1% improvement
 - Untreated 24.5% improvement

Tamsulosin

- Indication for the treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia
- Alpha-1 blocker
- Intraoperative floppy iris syndrome
- Importance to communicate prior to cataract surgery



129 130

Amiodorone

- Indicated for the treatment of life-threatening recurrent ventricular arrhythmia
- Side Effects
 - Halos
 - Photosensitivity
 - Optic neuropathy
 - Optic neuritis
 - · Disc swelling



Differentials for Vortex Keratopathy

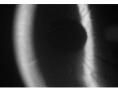
- Drug induced
 - Amiodorone
 - Chloroquine
 - Tamoxifen
 - IbuprofenIndomethacin
- Stem cell deficiency
- Fabry's disease

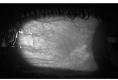
Fabry Disease

- X-linked disorder due to a deficiency of alphagalactosidase resulting in the buildup of globotriaosylceramide
- Signs and symptoms include:
 - · Severe pain in the extremities
 - Exercise intolerance
 - · Renal involvement
 - Skin lesions angiokeratoma corporis discusum consists of clusters of superficial cutaneous dark-red angiokeratomas
 - · Tortuosity of conjunctival and retinal vessels

Alendronate

- Osteoporosis in postmenopausal women, Paget's disease
- Inhibitor of osteoclaticmediated bone resorption
- Side Effects
 - Episcleritis
 - Scleritis
 - Uveitis

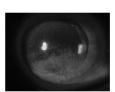


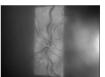


133 134

Isotrentinoin

- Used in the treatment of recalcitrant nodular acne
- Dry eyes
- Keratitis
- Conjuctivitis
- Decreased night VA
- Cataracts
- Optic Neuritis
- Pseudotumor cerebri





Topiramate

- Indicated for the prophylaxis of migraine headaches
- · Choroidal effusions
- · Acute myopia
- Acute angle closure
- Treatment cessation of drug, cycloplegics, and topical hypotensives

135 136

Phentermine and Topiramate

- FDA approved for weight loss in overweight adults who are also diagnosed with hypertension, type 2 diabetes mellitus, or hyperlipedimia
- Ocular Side Effects
 - Acute myopia
 - Bilateral Angle closure glaucoma
 - Choroidal effusion

Tamoxifen

- Anti-estrogen used as adjunctive therapy for the treatment or prophylactics of breast cancer
- Maculopathy with crystalline deposits and macula edema

Home Remedies, Herbal Supplements and Whatever MOM Told Me to Take

Herbal Medicine and Nutritional Supplements

Fraunfelder FW. Ocular side effects from herbal medicines and nutritional supplements Am J Ophthalmol. 2004 Oct;138(4):639-47.

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My Top 10 Oral Meds

- Preseptal Cellulitis Keflex 500mg BID
- MGD Azithromycin as directed
- HSV/HZO Valacyclovir 500/1000mg TID
- Allergies Singulair 50mg QD
- DED Hydroeye
- Pain Ibuprofen 400mg TID
- Pain Vicodin 5mg hydrocodone/ 300 mg APAP q4-6hrs
- Glaucoma Diamox 500mg BID
- AMD Macula Protect Complete / AREDS 2
- Inflammation Prednisone / Dosage varies

Conclusions

- Many prescription options available to treat a variety of ocular condition
- Consider patient age, history, drug interactions, compliance, cost
- Important to treat and monitor
- Practice to the fullest extent of our education!

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THANK YOU

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