On behalf of Vision Expo, we sincerely thank you for being with us this year.

Vision Expo Has Gone Green!

We have eliminated all paper session evaluation forms. Please be sure to complete your electronic session evaluations online when you login to request your Cle tletter for each course you attended! Your feedback is important to us as our Conference Advisory Board considers content and speakers for future meetings to provide you with the best education possible.

OPHTHALMIC THERAPEUTICS UPDATE

JESSICA STEEN OD, FAAO, DIPLABO

ABBEVANINSU BROWARD

ABBVANINSU BROWARD

2

5

7

1

Speaker-Carl Zeiss Meditec, Bausch and Lomb
 Advisory Board-Bausch and Lomb, Santen, Peripherex, Ocuphire, Oyster Point, Ocuterra
 All relevant relationships have been mitigated

Retinal Disease

Dry age-related macular degeneration

CFH polymorphism increases risk of AMD (complement control protein)

Components of drusen and oxidative stress can trigger complement cascade → apoptosis

Complement over-activation is implicated in pathogenesis of AMD

Classical, alternative, lectin pathways converge to activate C3 cattivation and add to increased VEGF expression by the RPE

3

COMPLEMENT INHIBITORS IN GA

Geographic atrophy doesn't get better-the goal is to slow progression

APL-2 (Pegcetacoplan)-C3 inhibitor

Met phase 2 endpoints (FILIY) in September 2019-slows GA rate of progression in a dose-dependent manner

Phase 3 trials (DERBY & OAKS)

Endpoints met in OAKS, very close in DERBY

Pooled data met endpoints

Slows the growth rate of geographic atrophy

Fast track designation from FDA (GA)-Unmet clinical need

Whatever drives a druse towards GA is the same mechanism that seems to cause GA expansion

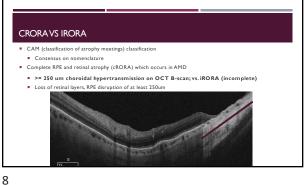
Pegcetacoplan (Syfovre)

Interesting safety signal: increased risk of exudation
Cumulative data: 12.2% in monthly, 6.7% EOM, 3.1%
sham

At month 24, combined data: reduction vs. sham from
baseline:
21% (monthly dosing)
17% (every other month dosing)

Nonsubfoveal subgroup had even greater reduction vs. sham

6



Avacincaptad Pegol (Zimura)

GATHER1 (Phase 2b/3)-endpoints met GATHER2 (Phase 3)-primary endpoint met

Up to a 59% reduction in vision loss vs. sham

Interesting: slowed iRORA to cRORA change—and drusen to iRORA

Safety signal: CNV rate 9.0% in GATHER1 and 6.7% in GATHER2 PDUFA Date August 19, 2023

11

Expect that if an efficacy signal was identified at month 12, the difference between groups should continue to increase at months 18

GEOGRAPHIC ATROPHY

- Elamipretide-subcutaneous injection (daily..)
- Reduces oxidative stress at the level of mitochondria
- Acts as a mitochondrial protector
- Did not meet primary endpoints (May 2, 2022)—but enhanced ellipsoid zone preservation on OCT
- Shows proof of proposed mechanism
- Risuteganib (Luminate)
- Also investigated in DR
- Anti-integrin therapy

Making an Impact

Filling an unmet need

Common conditions

Rare disease

Providing additional options

Novel products

Repurposed molecules

12 13

Framework for Development

Orphan drug designation (1983)

<200,000/year Federal grants and contracts to support clinical trials Tax credits-25% of clinical testing costs (reduced from 50% in 2018)
Exclusive right to market the drug for 7 years from date of marketing approval
Maximum flexibility to the design of pivotal trials

More likely to be single arm trials, un-blinded and use surrogate endpoints

Fast Track Designation (1988)

Drugs which fill an unmet clinical new More frequent communication with FDA

Eligible for accelerated approval and priority review

Surrogate measures 2 tiered system-standard (10 months) vs. priority (6 months)

Framework for Development PDUFA (1992)

Authorized the FDA to collect fees from drug companies-important role in expediting

drug approval process
Is there industry influence when 45% of the FDA's budget is funded through user fees?

Application fee: \$3,117,218 (2022) + program fee (\$369,413) Either 10 months; or 6 months if granted priority review

When the FDA takes too long or too little time to review a drug \rightarrow criticism Balance between regulation and efficiency

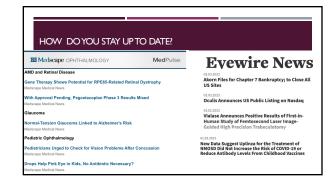
Remember, the FDA doesn't <u>guarantee</u> safety of a product
It ensures that the data presented is credible and ensures benefit with acceptable risks

Balance of safety and efficacy

15

14

How do you stay up to date?



17

16

BREAK DOWN

I OP raising agents
OP lowering agents
Anterior segment
Posterior segment

CASE

72 year old female

Woke up with vision loss in the left eye yesterday morning

No ocular medications, no systemic medications

No headache, scalp tenderness, nausea, malaise, change to appetite

BCVA: 20/25 OD; CF @ 2 ft OS

3+APD OS

PCIOL OU, IOP 12mmHg OD and OS

18 19

NOWWHAT?

Unilateral disc edema

Dox? First, think "where?"...then "what?"

Optic neuritis

GCA

Medications (i.e. sildenafil, amiodarone)

Compressive, infiltrative optic neuropathy

Neuroretinitis

Impending CRVO

NAION

NOWWHAT?

Does this patient need:

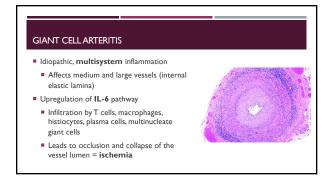
1) Emergent laboratory evaluation

Tests?

CBC with differential, and platelets CRP, Sed Rate (ESR)

2) Emergent neuroimaging

20 21



Steroids
Typical initial pulse (methylprednisone 1-2g/day IV)-inpatient
Then 60-100mg prednisone daily by mouth—may be for 2+ years!
Need to keep ESR down

22 23

WHAT'S THE TROUBLE WITH LONG-TERM STEROIDS? Significant ocular and systemic side effects Cataract Elevated blood pressure Blood glucose dysfunction Gastrointestinal ulceration Fluid retention Weight gain Osteoporosis Neuropsychiatric effects including changes in mood

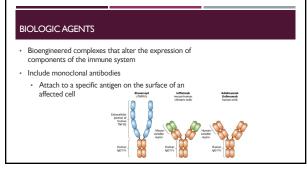
IN MEDICINE, IN GENERAL

The trend is towards providing 'precision-based medicine'

Steroids act to suppress the entire immune system

Biologic agents have a specific therapeutic target in the inflammatory cascade

24 25



ACTEMRA

Tocilizumab 162mg/0.9mL

Subcutaneous injection (or intravenous infusion)

Weeldy injection + steroid taper

Reduces steroid load in GCA treatment

Also approved for RA, JIA, cytokine release syndrome

26 27

A LITTLE LESS NEW: HUMIRA

- Adalimumah
- Subcutaneous injection
 - 80mg loading dose
- · 40mg subcutaneous injection every 2 weeks
- Approximately \$5000/carton (2 pens)
- FDA approved June 2016 for the treatment of non-infectious intermediate, posterior, and panuveitis
 - Currently 2 biosimilars available
 - Already 8 FDA approved biosimilars

BIOSIMILARS

- Analogous to biologics as generic medications are to branded small molecule drugs
- Biologic agents are large molecules (i.e. I 50,000 Daltons vs. netarsudil 453 Da)
- 3D structure is complex!
- Produced from living molecules
- Goal is to be a lower-cost alternative (usually 15-30% of originator biologic)
- But—manufacturing process is more complicated than for generic medications
- Drugs need to be prescribed (cannot be substituted)—requires marketing to physicians

30 31

ADVERSE EFFECTS OF TNF ALPHA INHIBITORS

- Unmasking or induction of multiple sclerosis
 - · Intermediate uveitis is associated with development of MS
- · Reactivation of viral hepatitis, tuberculosis
- "Lupus-like syndrome"
 - Autoantibody formation
- Possible increased risk of lymphoma
 - · Medical vs. systemic disease?

NEW OCULAR STEROIDS

32 35

NOT-NEW: INJECTABLE STEROIDS

- Triamcinolone acetonide
 - $\bullet \quad \text{Kenalog (periocular} \text{---sub-Tenon's or subconjunctival)} \\$
 - Off-label for intraocular injection
 - Triesence-preservative-free Kenalog
 - Used for intravitreal injection

INJECTABLE STEROIDS

Intravitreal implants-provide sustained release of steroid

Ozurdex (dexamethasone 0.7mg) 3-6 months

Resizer (fluocinolone acteoride 0.9mg)

Illuvien (fluocinolone 0.19mg)—off-label for posterior uveitis-up to 3 years!

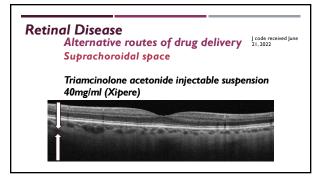
Yutiq (fluocinolone 0.18mg)—indicated for treatment of non-infectious posterior uveitis-3 years

Dexamethasone intraocular suspension 9% (Dexycu)

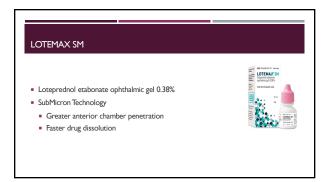
Sul. dose at the conclusion of cataract surgery

Dexycu

37 39









44

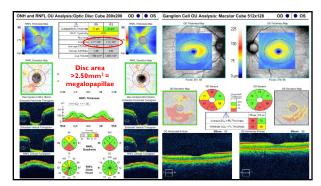
IOP LOWERING AGENTS

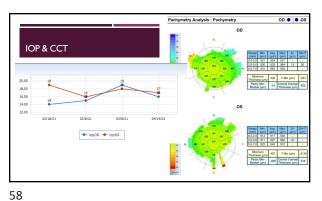
56 YEAR OLD AFRICAN AMERICAN FEMALE

 ■ 56 year old African American female referred for evaluation due to suspicion of glaucoma secondary to optic disc appearance
 ■ No family history of glaucoma
 ■ No systemic diagnoses; no systemic medications

52 53









IOP LOWERING MEDICATION OPTIONS First line treatment: ■ Prostaglandin analog ■ Best adherence at FDA approved dosing ■ What does 'maximum medical therapy' mean? Classically: I) Prostaglandin analog ■ 2-4) CAI ■ Alpha-2 agonist ■ Beta blocker ■ Rho kinase inhibitor

"NEW" PROSTAGLANDINS Latanoprostene bunod 0.024% (Vyzulta) Latanoprost acid + butanediol mononitrate Butanediol monohydrate releases NO which increases outflow through the trabecular meshwork and Schlemm's canal
 Relaxes trabecular beams ■ Latanoprost 0.005% preservative free (lyuzeh) Latanoprost ophthalmic emulsion 0.005% (Xelpros) BAK-free was a different preservative: potassium sorbate 0.47%
 BAK Can decrease goblet cell density
 Not available from pharmacies
 Uses o "direct poy" method



RHO KINASE

Rho kinase family includes proteins which regulate cell shape, motility, proliferation, and apoptosis

Regulate smooth muscle contraction in the trabecular meshwork and ciliary body

May also affect ocular blood blow and retinal ganglion cell survival

Role in cardiovascular procedures, corneal procedures

Role in development of fibrosis

63 64

RHO KINASE INHIBITOR/NOREPINEPHRINE TRANSPORT INHIBITOR

Increase trabecular outflow
Lower episcleral venous pressure

Netarsudil 0.02% (Rhopressa)
QHS

Netarsudil/latanoprost 0.02% 0.005% (Rocklatan)
QHS

Hyperemia-most common effect
Typically improves over time
When do you see your patients back after altering medical therapy?
Subconjunctival hemorrhage
Less common-corneal verticillata
Level of the epithelium

Latanoprost Drops

MD: JESSICA STEEN OD
3200 8 UNIVERSITY DR

DAVIE, FL 33328

Express Soligis manages the prescription drug benefit for your patient at the request of their plan approach. Your patients prescription them? requires that we writer optical assessible for coverage with the prescribe? You have prescribed as medication for your patient hat require for Authorization Defore benefit overage of additional quantities can be provided. Please complete the flowmary resident that the form to the following or coverage of additional quantities can be provided. Please complete the flowmary residents the fact that form to the following additional quantities are presented from prescription benefit overage will be determined based on the plans rudes.

SECTIONA

Please answer the following questions:

Note: The indication or diagnosis?

Reduction of intraccular pressure in patients with open-angle glaucoma or ocular that the indication of the prescription of the pressure of the pr

65 66

PATIENT: PRESCRIPTION INFORMATION:
Name: Rx #:

DOB: Drug:
ROCKLATAN 0.02%-0.005% EYE DRP
Sig: INSTILL 1 DROP INTO BOTH EYES EVERY
DAY IN THE EVENING
Phone: Quantity: 2.5

REASON FOR REQUEST:
ALTERNATIVE REQUESTED

Thank you in advance for taking the time to review this information.
Sincerely,
Your local Pharmaciat

SUGGESTED ALTERNATIVES:

WHERE DO RHOPRESSA & ROCKLATAN FIT IN?

Efficacy is similar to timolol 0.5% (BID)

**In clinical trials

Ideally a second line treatment

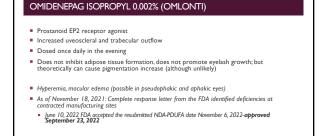
Seems to work better with low/moderate IOP

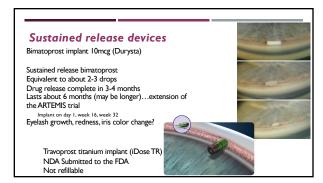
(<25mmHg)

Advantage of once daily dosing vs. other typical second line medication

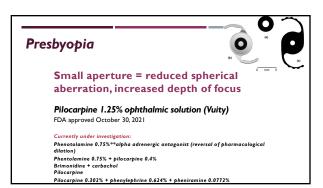
Cost?

67 69









74

Reversal of Mydriasis Preservative-free phentolamine 0.75% (Nyxol) Nonselective alpha I and 2 blocker Currently the molecule is FDA approved for pheochromocytoma and reversal of oral anesthesia PDUFA Date September 28, MIRA-1, 2, 3, 4 2023

Anterior Segment Dry eye disease Varenicline solution nasal spray 0.03mg Activates the trigeminal parasympathetic pathway = increased production FDA approved October 18, 2021 of basal tear film

75 82

TYRVAYA (VARENICLINE SOLUTION NASAL SPRAY 0.03MG)

- One spray in each nostril twice daily
- Most common adverse reaction:
- Sneezing (82%) of patients
- Cough, throat irritation, nose irritation

Anterior Segment

CyclASol 0.1% cyclosporine A in EyeSol

EyeSol = water-free technology that increases surface contact time

ESSENCE1 & ESSENCE2

PDUFA Date June 8, 2023

84

Twice daily dosing; multidose; smaller drop

312

83

Anterior Segment

Dry eye disease associated with meibomian gland dysfunction

NOV03 (100% perfluorohexyloctane $[F_6H_8]$)

PDUFA Date June 28, 2023 Prevents evaporation and stabilizes the tear film

SEECASE, GOBI, MOJAVE

Anterior Segment

Demodex blepharitis

Lotilaner ophthalmic solution 0.25% (TP-03)

Demodex is more common than we think

Antiparasitic agent

85

86

Anterior Segment

Dry eye disease, allergic conjunctivitis

Reproxalap

RASP modulator-reduces inflammation through reduction of cytokine release and inflammasome activity

PDUFA Date November 23, 2023

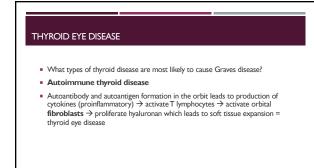
TRANQUILITY & TRANQUILITY2

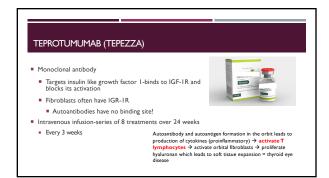
OXERVATE

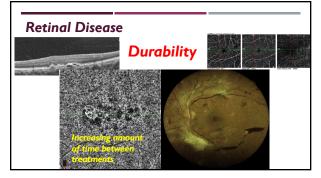
- Cenegermin 0.002% (20mcg/mL)
- Recombinant human nerve growth factor
- FDA approved August, 2019 for the treatment of neurotrophic keratitis
- 6x daily for 8 weeks
- What do you think the most common adverse effect was in the pivotal trial?
- 39.1% reported ocular



87 88







Retinal Disease
Neovascular AMD
(and diabetic eye disease...more generally, retinal vascular disease)
Extracellular VEGF pathways
VEGF-A
VEGF-B
VEGF-C
VEGF-D
PIGF
Unmet needs in management of retinal disease?

TKI pathways
TIE2 activation pathways
Integrin pathways
Gene therapy

92 93



High Dose Aflibercept (8mg)

PHOTON (DME) and PULSAR (nAMD)

12 and 16 week dosing regimens vs. Eylea x q8weeks

93% (PHOTON) and 83% (PULSAR) maintained q12 weeks or greater

PDUFA Date June 27, 2023

Accepted for priority review

94 95



What We've Learned

VEGF starts to increase 6-8 weeks after injection of faricimab

Ang2 suppression lasts about 12 weeks

Aflibercept does not suppress Ang2

Seems to be a true synergistic effect between VEGF & Ang2

99 100

COST EFFECTIVENESS OF ANTI-VEGF

- \$2190 faricimab (6mg/0.05mL)-Vabysmo
- \$1850 brolucizumab (6mg/0.05mL)-Beovu
- \$1850 aflibercept (2.0mg/0.05mL)-Eylea
- \$1170 ranibizumab (0.3mg/0.05mL)-Lucentis
- \$60 bevacizumab (1.25mg/0.05mL)-Avastin
- Bevacizumab is a typically the first line anti-VEGF in the USA

WHILE WE'RE SPEAKING ABOUT BEVACIZUMAB

Bevacizumab-vikg (Lytenava)

Bevacipumab-vikg (Lytenava)

BLA submitted March 31, 2022

Anticipated approval late 2022 or first quarter 2023

NORSE 2-superiority trial

- 113 patients received 12 bevacizumab-vikg
- (monthly)
- 115 patients received 5 ranibizumab injections
- 1, 2, 3, 6, 9)-based on PIER (2008) dosing regiment from the package label
- Who did better?

101 102

RETINAL BIOSIMILARS

- The first:
- Ranibizumab-nuna (Byooviz) FDA approved September 17, 2021
- $\,\blacksquare\,\,$ nAMD, macular edema following RVO, and myopic choroidal neovascularization
- Launch July 2022-list price \$1130/vial
- The most recent:
 - Interchangeable biosimilar to Lucentis: ranibizumab-eqrn (Cimerli)
 - Launched! List price: \$1360 for 0.5mg dose

Anti-VEGF in DME & DR

DRCRnet Protocol S (2016): Ranibizumab (Lucentis) in non-inferior to PDR

Protocol T (2018) Aflibercept vs. bevacizumab vs. ranibizumab in DME: For VA 20/50 or worse, aflibercept better at improving VA

Protocol V (2019): Center-involved DME (20/25+) no difference in vision at 2 years

103 104

Anti-VEGF in DME & DR

DRCRnet Protocol AC (2022)

Bevacizumab patients did really well at 2 years-is it reasonable to begin with bevacizumab and switch to aflibercept if "clinically" indicated?

70% of patients met switch criteria; almost all within the first year

Monotherapy was \$12000 more costly than switch

Anything other than intravitreal injections?

APX3330 oral tablet for the management of diabetic retinopathy

ZETA-I Phase 2b trial

Targets apuriniclapyrimidinic endonuclease I/redox effector factor-I (APEI/Ref-I) protein = reduction of abnormal new vessel formation (reduces YEGF & YEGF signaling) & inflammation (reduces TNF alpha)

OTT166

DREAM Phase 2 trial Integrin inhibitor—TOPICAL

105

OPTIC & LUNA TRIALS (IXOBEROGENE SOROPARVOVEC) IXO-VEC

- September 2018-FDA awarded fast track designation to a gene therapy for exudative AMD
- Aflibercept coding sequence + adenoviral associated vector (ADVM-022) 30 patients
- Coding sequence (cDNA) injected intravitreally
- Replicates in deep retina producing detectable 'aflibercept' protein in vitreous, deep retina, and choroid
- May last up to 2 years
- Durability up to 92 weeks (cohort 1-high dose)
- High dose vs. low dose; 13 day oral steroid vs. 6 week topical ophthalmic steroid

109

BOTTOM LINE

106

- Therapeutic innovations in eye care are changing the way ocular disease is
- Treatment targets and treatment modalities are rapidly evolving
- \blacksquare Ensuring access to the most effective medications in a particular clinical circumstance begins with understanding available options
- The role of regulatory powers, including the FDA is continuing to adapt to environmental circumstances

111

BOTTOM LINE

- Further developments aim to:
- Identify new treatment targets
- Reformulate existing agents
- Develop alternative routes of administration
- Increase the amount of time between treatments
- Reduce cost of treatment
- Improve patient quality of life

THANK YOU! ■ <u>lessicaa.steen@gmail.com</u> **480.289.0613**

112 113